BEIRUT, Dec. 4 (R) — Iraq said today its troops had launched a fresh attack on Iranian forces during a major counter-offensive now entering its sixth day in the Gulf conflict.

The official Iraqi news agency said Iraqi forces stormed Iranian positions in the Susangerd area of southern Iran under cover of darkness and a heavy artillery barrage, inflicting heavy casualties.

A military commander at the front was quoted by the agency as saying the first phase of the Iraqi counter-offensive had been successfully completed and the next phase would smash remaining enemy forces in the region.

He said Iraqi forces had shot down an Iranian plane today over the southern sector of the front, bringing to 10 the number shot down in the last six days.



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Volume 6, Number 1827

AMMAN, SATURDAY DECEMBER 5, 1981 — SAFAR 8, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Yemeni presidents conclude talks

BEIRUT, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — The leaders of North and South Yemen wound up a three-day summit in Aden yesterday with a new call for union and a pledge to set up a common ministerial council, Arab news agencies reported.

North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh, before boarding a plane to return home to Sanaa, told reporters in the South Yemeni capital that he and President Ali Nasser Mohammad had achieved "positive results" on ways of unifying their nations, the Iraqi news agency reported in a dis-patch distributed here.

Only game in town

JONESBORO, Arkansas, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — The Egyptian ambassador to the United States says Palestinian autonomy is the only game in town for a lasting peace in the Middle East.

Mr. Ashraf Ghorbal told members of the World Trade Club at a dinner last night that autonomy "has the rules, has the ball, has the framework and the objective... don't tell me to give it up until you find some-

thing better." Mr. Ghorbal was in Jonesboro for the speech and to tour a plant. During a news conference earlier in the day, he said Israel should not fear autonomy. He said he wanted the Israelis and Palestinians to focus on what they have in

common. The United States, Israel and Egypt will work together to make the Middle East a safe, stable and prosperous part of the world, Mr. Ghorbal said.

East Germany cuts oil

EAST BERLIN, Dec. 4 (R) — The East German government has cut petrol supplies to industry for use in vehicles by an average 10 per cent.

The measure took effect at the start of the month and was announced as reports circulating among foreign diplomats suggested that the Soviet Union might cut oil supplies to East Germany in 1982 to 17 million tonnes from 19 million this year.

The official legal gazette available today published a complete new list of petrol consumption norms, the basis for supplies to all state industrial users. The figures were six to 14 per cent below the previous norms laid down in 1978 and

Bomb kills Lebanese soldier

SOUTH LEBANON, Dec. 4 (R) - A Lebanese soldier died today from injuries he received when troops excavating building foundations in Lebanon struck a bomb, a U.N. spokesman said.

Two others were injured in the incident near the troops' beadquarters at Arzoun, South Lebanon, two days ago. Meanwhile, Maj. Gen. Wil-

liam Callaghan, commander of U.N. peacekeeping forces in South Lebanon, left the region today for New York to attend a Security Council debate on the extension of the force's mandate.

Hurd arrives in Cairo

CAIRO, Dec. 4 (R) - Mr. Douglas Hurd, British minister of state at the foreign office. arrived here today for a brief

visit on his way to Sudan. Mr. Hurd will meet Mr. Boutros Ghali, Egyptian minister of state for foreign affairs. He told reporters he would discuss the Middle East problem and ways of developing

British-Egyptian relations.
Officials said Mr. Hurd would discuss similar topics in Khartoum.

Waldheim rejects manoeuvring charges

UNITED NATIONS, Dec. 4 (R) tactical bid for a Security Council

that the sole purpose of his deci-sion was to facilitate the council's consideration of "this difficult are totally without foundation,'

Asked about a report into that quoted Mr. Waldheim as having said, on instructions, that the secretary-general remained open to "any reasonable proposition from the council," the spokesman said he could not confirm it.

"These matters are hypothet-

Salim Ahmad Salim who, like Mr. Waldheim, has been repeatedly vetoed in council balloting, remained a candidate today amid expectations that he too would withdraw.

Members of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), whose nominee he is, held inconclusive talks last night about his status.

judhar, denied today that Mr. Waldheim acted in response to suggestion by the president that both candidates step aside temporarily to permit other con-

It was not clear today if or when the Security Council would resume balloting on Mr. Salim or other aspirants, of whom there are several, with Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan a leading contender.

defused in West Beirut

Army specialists defused two heavy bombs just moments before they were timed to explode in West Beirut today following a night of street batties between supporters of the Gulf war combatants Iran and Iraq, police reported.

Juan Carlos

MADRID, Dec. 4 (R) - King Juan Carlos begins a four-day state visit to the United Arab Emirates and Bahrain tomorrow as part of Spain's bid to boost its diplomatic and economic role in the

said the king would probably discuss with Gulf leaders how Spain might help work for peace in the Middle East.

On a recent visit to the United States, King Juan Carlos told President Reagan that Spain, the only Western country which does not recognise Israel, could act as a bridge between the Arab and

The officials accompanying the king will discuss reducing Spain's huge trade deficits with the emirates and Bahrain by selling them Spanish machinery, boats and

light aircraft, the sources said. At present Spain imports a large amount of oil from the Gulf and in return sells it mostly agricultural

Foreign Minister Jose Pedro

- U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim today rejected specu-lation that the withdrawal of his candidacy for a third term was a

Tanzanian Foreign Minister

Two bombs

a combined weight of 100 kilogrammes were discovered hidden under a sand pile near the Kuwaiti embassy, and were defused five minutes before the timer was set to expire, police said.

visits Gulf

lomatic staff in the Gulf region,

He said through his spokesman question" of the succession. Insinuations as to other motives

ical," he added.

His spokesman, Rudolf Sta-

tenders to enter the race.

BEIRUT, Dec. 4 (A.P.) -

Eight explosive charges with

Another bomb weighing about 17.9 kilogrammes had been placed in a trash bin near crowded Hamra Street, West Beirut's busiest shopping area. said a police spokesman who refused to give his name in keeping with the department's

Kasm reshuffles DAMASCUS, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - Prime Minister Abdul Raouf Al Kasm reshuffled his 36-man cabinet today, retaining all key ministries for the

A foreign ministry spokesman

Western worlds.

Perez Llorca will go with the king. Spain is increasing its dipthe spokesman said.



King Hussein receives Soviet envoy Mikhail Sytenko (third from left) Thursday. On the far left is Soviet Ambassa Amman Rafeek Nishanov. To Mr. Sytenko's right is a Soviet embassy interpreter.

AMMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein received at the Hashemite Royal Court last night the Soviet roving Ambassador Mikhail Sytenko, who is currently visiting Jordan. The King and the Soviet envoy reviewed the current developments of the Middle East issue and the international conditions related to it. The meeting was attended by the Soviet Ambassador in Amman Rafeek Nishanov.

Earlier, Prime Minister Mudar Badran received the Soviet envoy at his office. During the meeting, they reviewed relations between Jordan and the Soviet Union and exchanged views on the various issues of interest to the area, particularly the Palestine issue.

During the meeting, which was attended by Ambassador Nishanov, Mr. Badran reaffirmed Jordan's consistent stand towards the issue of establishing just peace in the area, based on Israel's full withdrawal from the Arab territories occupied in 1967, the return of Jerusalem to Arab sovereignty, and the regaining of the Palestinian people's rights--including their right to self-determination and the establishment of their independent state on their national soil.

Minister of the Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim also received Mr. Sytenko at his office yesterday and discussed the international developments related to the Middle East



The King receives American envoy Philip Habib (third from left) Thursday. To Mr. Habib's right is American Ambassador in Amman Richard Viets. On the far left is Mr. Morris Draper. (Photos by Yousef Al 'Allan).

AMMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received at the Hashemite Royal Court last night U.S. special Middle East envoy Philip Habib. During the meeting, they reviewed the situation in the Middle East and discussed the various aspects of the Lebanese issue. The meeting was attended by U.S. Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for the Near East and South Asia Morris Draper and the U.S. Ambassador in Amman Richard Viets.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran also received at his office yesterday the American envoy. They discussed the current situation in Lebanon; and the prime minister asserted the need to achieve national reconciliation in Lebanon, because it is the cornerstone for restoring normal conditions as well as peace, stability and unity to that Arab country.

Earlier yesterday, Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem received Mr. Habib at his office. Mr. Qasem asserted the significance of Arab action undertaken by the Arab Follow-up Committee to achieve national reconciliation among the various sects of Lebanon. Mr. Qasem also affirmed the need for collective international efforts to prevent Israel from interfering in Lebanon's affairs and to stop its continuous aggression on its territories by implementing the U.N. Security Council resolutions in this regard.

Mr. Habib arrived in Amman yesterday morning for a short visit to Jordan. His visit to Amman is part of his tour to several states in the area. The American envoy left Amman for Israel

Soviets pledge to make arms talks a success

GENEVA, Dec. 4 (R) - The Soviet Union pledged today to do all in its power to make a success of negotiations with the United States on limiting nuclear missiles

In a statement issued shortly before the second formal session began at the Soviet mission in Geneva, the Soviet delegation said it had received numerous messages urging the two sides to reach agreement in the interests of peace and European civilisation.

The Soviet delegation promised to "do everything that depends on it to achieve positive results." Soviet sources said the messages came "both from organisations and individuals" but they did not identify them.

Neither side gave any indication of what happened at today's talks at the Villa Rosa, a former banker's residence now part of the closely-guarded Soviet mission.

terms demanded by Israel.

Camp David accords.

agree to this condition.

LONDON, Dec. 4 (R) - Western European coun-

tries were still uncommitted today about their par-ticipation in a Sinai peacekeeping force on the

The Israeli position, set out in a joint U.S.-Israeli

statement, specifies that the basis for European

participation in the force must be the peace treaty

between Israel and Egypt that stemmed from the

Israeli officials say their government wants con-

firmation from four European countries-Britain,

France. Italy and the Netherlands-that they

In a terse response to the Israeli demand, the

British Foreign Office said today: "We will con-

ruling Socialist Baath Party with the Moscow-

oriented Communist Party keeping its two traditional portfolios, official sources here reported.

The sources, who requested anonymity, said the

49-year-old Kasm brought nine newcomers into

the Baath-dominated government he originally formed in January 1980. Like their outgoing pre-

decessors, the newcomers are all technocrats, the

The reshuffle followed Syria's recent par-

liamentary election in which the Baath Party main-

tained its 60 per cent majority and its junior coal-

ition Communist partner in the government lost all

Despite the loss, Mr. Kasm retained Mr. Raafat

Kurdi as communication minister and named Mr.

Daoud Hamido, also a Communist, as minister of

The Communists have held these two portfolios

since Mr. Assad came to power in 1970. Their

continued presence in the cabinet underscored no

major policy shifts by Mr. Assad's regime as a result

The sources said Mr. Assad has signed the pres-

state without portfolio, the sources added.

of the post-election reshuffle.

its either seats in the 195-member legislature.

sider it in consultation with our partners."

A U.S. statement said simply that the talks lasted two hours and 25 minutes. Spokesman said they could add nothing to this and Soviet officials were not available U.S. chief negotiator, Paul H.

Yuli Kvitsinsky agreed earlier this week to impose a news blackout on the talks. Mr. Nitze said he would not "engage in a debate via the media." Western sources said they believed the negotiations, which are taking place against a back-

ground of public concern in West-

Nitze, and his Soviet counterpart

em Europe at the prospect of more missiles being placed there, had got off to a satisfactory start.

A senior diplomat from a NATO country said: "The very fact these negotiations are taking place reflects solidarity and solid preparations within the alliance." He said President Reagan's

Europeans to consult on Sinai role

following joint U.S.-Israeli statement

offer not to deploy 572 new Pershing-II and Cruise missiles in Europe if the Soviets dismantled their own medium-range missiles already in place was "no propaganda ploy.'

The Americans were aware that the issue of nuclear missiles in Europe was "of burning public interest" in West European countries, he said The Indian deputy director of Geneva University's strategic

studies department, Dr. Onkar Marwah, told a news conference the Soviet Union -- which has rejected Mr. Reagan's offerwould gain by agreeing to it. Dr. Marwah said Soviet missiles

would still be able to reach Western Europe even if withdrawn behind the Ural Mountains, and in return Moscow would gain a commitment from the U.S. not to place Pershing and Cruise missiles in Europe.

statement, declining to say when and where such

consultations would take place or whether they would include just the four participating states or

the entire 10-member European Economic Com-

Informed French sources said today that if Israel

insisted on a formal response accepting the terms of

the statement the four and their EEC partners

would have to jointly consider what action to take.

Ministry said: "We stand by our earlier decla-

felt the U.S.-Israeli statement paved the way for

idential decree of the reshuffle and they are

expected to be formally announced within 24

Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam,

Defence Minister Maj. Gen. Mustafa Tlass, Interior Minister Maj. Gen. Nassereddin Nasser

and Information Minister Ahmad Iskandar Ahmad

retained their portfolios. They are all members of

Syria's media, meanwhile, kept up its attacks on the new Middle East shuttle of U.S. presidential

envoy Philip C. Habib, who arrived in Jerusalem

"Habib is no longer a mediator, or even a post-

man," said the Baath Party newspaper Tishrin. "He

has come again to the Middle East carrying con-

cealed threats to undermine the South Lebanon

ceasefire...and give Israel a free military hand in the

newly signed strategic defence pact with Israel had

made the United States a party to the Middle East

Ronald Reagan's administration incapable of being a mediator or an arbitrator in the Arab-Israeli con-

today for talks with Israeli government leaders.

Syrian cabinet

rations on this issue and there is nothing to add."

A spokesman for the French External Relations

The spokesman declined to say whether France

munity (EEC).

bours.

participation by the four.

the Baath Party command.

French weapons to be discussed as Ghali calls for closer cooperation British officials refused to elaborate on this on Mideast

But he thought the Geneva

negotiators faced a very tight

schedule if they were to complete

the talks before the scheduled

date for deploying the American missiles towards the end of 1983.

planned to alternate twice a week

between the U.S. and Soviet mis-

sions, with the next round being

ference room of the U.S. arms

control and disarmament agency

near Lake Geneva next Tuesday.

Although the meetings are shrouded in secrecy, the two ten-

strong delegations may be con-

cerned at this stage with defining

The U.S. want the talks limited

to Soviet and American land-

based missiles, but the Soviets

may push for other forward-based

U.S. systems and British and

the scope of the negotiations.

From now on, the talks are

CAIRO, Dec. 4(R) — Egypt erged West Europe and the United States today to cooperate more closely in tackling the Middle East problem. Minister of state for foreign affairs. Boutros Ghall, told reporters he had raised the question at a meeting with European Par-Hament President Simone Vell.

The discussion between Mr. Ghali and Mrs. Veil also touched on European participation in a projected Sinai peacekeeping force, officials said.

Mrs. Veil is paying a five-day visit to Egypt as guest of the Egyptian parliament.

Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands have offered to contribute units to the peacekeeping force, intended to patrol Sinal after Israel completes its withdrawal from the peninsula next

But yesterday the U.S. and Israel issued a joint statement designed to resolve the problem, and today the U.S. embassy handed a copy of it to the Egyptian foreign ministry.

The declaration, issued simultaneously in Jerusalem and Washington, said participation in the force would have to be based on the U.S.-sponsored Egypt-Israel Camp David peace accords.

A senior U.S. official said in Washington that the West Euro-The Syrian government believes that American's pean participants would not have to renounce a declaration which they made in Venice, Italy, last conflict on Israel's side and thus rendered President year calling for a greater Pales-tinian role in the Middle East peace process.

Habib meets with Shamir, Sharon

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 4 ((A.P.) - U.S. special envoy Philip Habib met with Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir for nearly two hours today to discuss the Lebanese crisis and brief the Israelis on his talks in Beirut, Damascus and Amman.

He also met with Defence Minister Ariel Sharon later in the day and is expected to call on Prime Minister Menachem Begin who is receiving treatment in hospital from a broken hipjoint. No details of Mr. Habib's meeting with Gen. Sharon were released.

It was the American envoy's fourth trip to the Middle East since April, when President Reagan sent him here to defuse a crisis over Syria's deployment of anti-aircraft missiles in the Lebanese civil war arena.

Mr. Habib, on the sixth day of his latest mission, also was to visit Saudi Arabia

His efforts to settle the missile crisis have expanded into a broader mission to end the Lebanese war involving Syria, the

Lebanese army, Israel and the Palestinian forces. The ceasefire which Mr. Habib arranged between Israel and the guerrillas on July 24 has held up better than military analysts believed at the time. No shooting

incidents have been reported except in the Christian enclave of southern Lebanon backed by But the crisis is looming again

with Israeli claims that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is exploiting the truce to build up a formidable force in southern Lebanon. Gen. Sharon has tacitly

threatened Israeli military action if the buildup does not stop. The defence ministry claims 15,000 commandos now confront Israel with nearly 300 artillery pieces rocket batteries and tanks.

The commando threat has upstaged the missile crisis. although Israel insists they are a danger to its control of Lebanese skies and continued to demand

Sharon's visit to Africa confirmed

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 4 (R) — Israel expects to regain diplomatic relations with a number of African states after it completes its withdrawal from Sinai next April, Israeli gov-emment officials said today.

The officials confirmed reports

that Israeli Defence Minister Ariel Sharon secretly visited some African countries last month to discuss resuming ties broken after the 1973 Middle East war. "Many of the African states cut

their ties with us because they felt Egypt was trying to recover Sinai in the 1973 war," one official told Reuters. "With its complete return to Egypt at the end of next April, Israel has good reason to expect a

number of African nations to

renew their relations with us." President Mobuto Sese Seko of Zaire said during a visit to Washington on Wednesday that his country was prepared to restore relations with Israel immediately, but was waiting to see how other African leaders

would act.

The African nations broke off relations with Israel just after the 1973 war in response to an Egyptian call to the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). Only Swaziland, Malawi and Lesotho retained official ties with Israel. Another Israeli official said that a strategic cooperation agreement

signed by Israel and the U.S. last

Monday would also encourage an

African-Israeli rapprochement. "As soon as word got around some time ago that we were with Israel despite the absence of

cooperation with the U.S., a number of African states approached us with inquiries whether they would be able to get aid from us," the official said. "A number of similar inquiries

came from non-African countries who severed their ties with us some years ago," the official added. He declined to elaborate. The official said African officials had authorised Mr. Sharon to

express to the U.S. their growing concern about the activities of the Soviet Union and its allies in Africa. "Pro-Western countries in Africa are very worried about the

tremendous arsenal that the Soviet Union has built up in Libya and by Soviet activities and arms supplies to other pro-Soviet states below the Sahara," the official said

Mr. Sharon later flew to Washington where he signed the cooperation agreement with the "It was no coincidence that Mr.

Sharon was in Washington just before President Mobuto made his statement about renewing relations with Israel," the official said. He declined to say whether the two men had conferred. Both Israeli officials felt that

Israel would be in a far stronger

position to provide all kinds of

assistance to African countries as

a result of the cooperation accord with the U.S. The officials said it was no secret that several African countries maintained close economic ties

negotiating an agreement on diplomatic ties. Polish trade unions threaten new strikes

Solidarity free trade union demanded major political concessions today as a condition for joining the ruling Communists in a national front and warned it would bring the nation out on strike if the authorities declared a state of

emergency. The union demands, published after a meeting of regional chiefs. came in response to a government crackdown which brought troops and riot police into action in Warsaw on Wednesday to break a strike by cadet firemen.

The demands are subject to adoption by the union's national commission which meets in Gdansk next week but they spelt out for the first time Solidarity's official position on joining the Communist-sponsored national front.

The union accused the Communists of promoting a facade and called for free local elections, access to the mass media, a solidarity version of a trade union law, a halt to reprisals against union activists, fully fledged economic reform and union control over food and the economy as minimum conditions for national

accord.

The Communist establishment credibility," it added.

has opposed most of the demands on the grounds that they are unacceptable politically.

The solidarity statement, pub-

lished in the union's Warsaw news bulletin Wiadomosci Dnia, said: "Regardless of whether the law on extraordinary measures would empower the government to court-martial civilians, ban assemblies, curb travel or only prohibit the right to strike, it could be introduced only through terror. This would amount to an attempt

at incapacitating society by force." It said the union would reply with a 24-hour national strike if the Sejm (parliament) armed the government with emergency powers and would launch an immediate all-out general strike if the authorities attempted to enforce them.

The union leaders also said they would never allow Solidarity to serve as a smoke-screen for the government's failures in any make-believe body like the existing national unity front.

"Adding the solidarity emblem to the old system of political authority which brought the country to collapse will in no way ease the crisis but can only deprive our union of its independence and

لمِلَذًا منذ المُصل

NATIONAL

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

"IN JORDAN we can see everycloset, to be opened for us, anywhere in the country," stated Mr. Jean Rigopoulo, head of the International Committee of the

Greek origin, said that the pro-tection of prisoners, which comes under the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and the additional Protocols, is one of the ICRCs main con-.

"Some countries allow us to see all types of prisoners. Some, however, stick strictly to the Geneva Conventions. In South Africa, for example we see those in opposition to the state. Similarly, the ICRC delegates visit all prisoners in the Occupied West Bank and Gaza since all civilians under occupation are protected by the Geneva Conventions, but they do not visit prisoners with Israeli passports, be they Arab or Jew," he told the Jordan Times in an

He also pointed out that the ICRC visits prisoners whose country does not have diplomatic representation in the country in which they are imprisoned.

Mr. Rigopoulo outlined a standard prison visit by ICRC delegates which always culminates in a report that is sent to headquarters in Geneva, and subsequently to the government concerned.

An initial interview during a routine prison round in Jordan is with the warden to obtain information on the state of the prison that day, such as the number of prisoners and any existing problems. Together they go through the previous ICRC report, usually made six months earlier.

The report could point out the lack of hot water, broken window panes and general improvements the warden had promised to do.

"We go round the whole prison. Every room, every toilet, every cell, every door has to be opened. Mr. Rigopoulo stressed. "We check everything: running water, the amount of blankets and mattresses. We also inspect the kitchen, get the menu of the day and check the quantities served."

An ICRC delegate also has to check hygiene standards, sometimes as basic as toilet cleanliness,

All doors get opened for ICRC delegates

body, prisoner or detainee, man or woman, political or non-political, Jordanian or non-Jordanian who is in the prison during our visits. We can ask for any door, even to a closet, to be opened for us, any-Red Cross (ICRC) delegation to Jordan. In describing the many and varied functions of the ICRC, Mr. Rigopoulo, a naturalised Swiss of Greek origin, said that the pro-

smell," and adequate ventilation. Medical facilities are also monitored, first for availability and then quality, and for the frequency of doctor's examinations. A hospital close enough has to be designated and quick transport to it

As the delegates make their rounds, they introduce themselves and let the prisoners know that they can talk to them openly or in

place of the delegate's choosing.

"The prison yard, for example can serve that purpose," said Mr. Rigopoulo, who has the advantage of speaking Arabic fluently, having spent the first eighteen years of his life in Egypt.

'My Egyptian accent caused a lot of puzzlement from the Palestinian prisoners when I worked in the West Bank just before coming here," he said. "Anyway I think

private, about anything and in a Fve managed to drop a lot of

Through talking to the prisoners, the ICRC delegates can help with conditions of detention such as food and medical or disciplinary treatment. "Often they come to talk just because it is a friendly face, and it does them some good that somebody is listening, that somebody is checking

and caring. To help prisons offer entertainment to inmates, the ICRC provides them with games -backgammon, chess, dominoes -equipment for sports such as table tennis, volleyball and basketball, and depending on the space available. Also provided are books to cater for all moods and intellects, in both Arabic and English. Politics, sex and violent subjects are

Mr. Rigopoulo warns however, that "sometimes it is not in our,

power to do anything. We can't help if somebody complains that he has twenty five children and no breadwinner. The ICRC has no budget for that kind of aid."

He pointed out, however, that this role is for the Ministry of Social Development and charitable societies and that he does approach them about cases at

At the end of every visit, all observations, "positive and negative" are discussed with the prison warden. This includes both general and individual cases.

"I do not write anything in the report that hasn't been discussed. We are there to advise, help, and recommend. We are not inspectors," insisted Mr. Rigopoulo. The warden can respond with what is within his power or what has to be done with higher authority. Our recommendations are reasonable.

At the end of a series of visits a report is written and sent to Geneva. This will also go to related higher levels such as the Ministry of Social Development, The Ministry of Health and Army Headquarters for discussion.

The average twice-yearly visits to prisons do not apply to the General Intelligence Department. "There, our visits are more frequent, almost twice a month. The conditions of detention are different, with no family visits, T.V., or books. We go from cell to cell and speak privately. We can give families information about the prisoner's health and get them salamat (greetings). People imagine the worst when they can't see someone. This satisfies a human need."

Other than the protection of prisoners, the ICRC in Amman offers a very valuable and fully utilised service. A radio service in Morse linking Amman with Jerusalem, Damascus, Beirut, Cairo and Geneva is available to the public for humanitarian messages in cases of emergency. It is used mostly in the case of deaths, funerals, illness or to obtain visit permits quickly in urgent cases.

A further ICRC service available to the public is the transmission of correspondence in the form of "Red Cross" messages between countries where there is no official mail. In the case of Jordan, ICRC delegates from Jordan and the West Bank exchange these messages after censorship on the River Jordan bridges every Thursday. In the same way that this mail can get in and out of prisons here, it can do so in the occupied territories.

Founded in 1863, the ICRC is a neutral and independent institu-



Mr. Rigopoulu in his office in Amman

sively Swiss. Under the motto "Charity in the Clash of Arms," its role is to protect and assist all victims and natural disasters. The protective emblem, a red cross on white ground was adopted in

"The cross is absolutely not a religious sign," stressed Mr. Rigopoulo. "It is the Swiss flag in inverted colours. It is an easy sign to recognise and to draw, one can even use one's own blood. The first step when transforming a new hospital in times of war is to paint a huge cross on the roof."

Shortly after the formation of the ICRC, national relief societies started to be established, and in 1876 the Red Crescent came into use by local societies in Muslim countries. It was in 1919 that the League of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies was formed. Member countries are part of the decision making process, attending conferences and voting.

There were at one time, three signs used by members of the lea-gue. The Red Lion and Sun, only used by Iran, was recently abolished. Now the league recognises only the two signs -- the

tion and the delegates are exclu- 'and does not allow admission to a country using any other sign.
The league and the ICRC are

parts of the over-all body of the International Red Cross (IRC) which meets once every four years. (The last meeting was in Manila in November). They work together in times of trouble and war, but have distinct functions.

"The obvious distinction between the ICRC and the Red Cross and Red Crescent societies is that the first gets into prisons and detention centres of any kind, while the other concentrates on health and medication," Mr. Rigopoulo said.

"The national societies, including the Jordanian Red Crescent Society would be responsible for the individual country's medication, hospitals and ambulances, and would respond to natural disasters and armed conflict," the ICRC official explained.

He cited the Iraqi - Iranian war as an example, during which the ICRC delegates in Iraq looked after prisoners of war, while the Iraqi Red Crescent Society took care of the wounded during the air raids on Baghdad. On the other hand, ICRC delegates visited Red Cross and the Red Crescent Iraqi prisoners of war in Iran.



The ICRC delegation head discusses business of the day with one of his assistants at the Abdali headquarters of the delegation.

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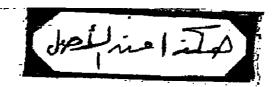
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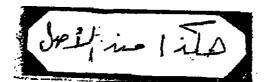
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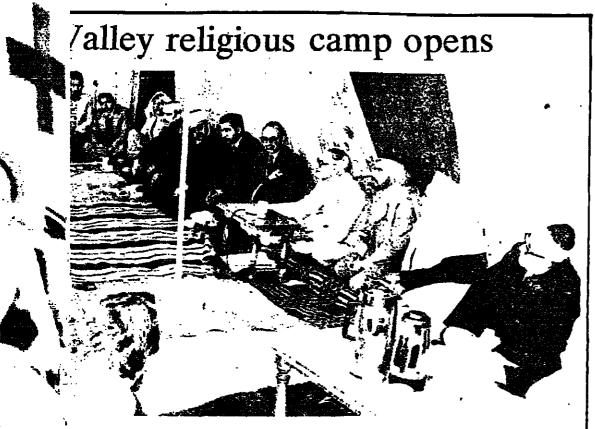
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NATIONAL



MAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) - Minister of Awqaf and nic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif opened yesterday igious guidance camp in the northern Jordan by area. Addressing the participants in the p, which will continue for one week, Mr. if pointed out the important role of the cher in spreading Islamic doctrine. He also e of the role of religious guidance camps in ing the participants gain experience and

develop their speaking skills. Mr. Sharif said the mosque is a major communications channel, which the preachers should use to spread the word of God. He also asserted the role of Islam in confronting various challenges, and in achieving progress and development. Twenty-five preachers par ticipating in the camp will receive lectures from teachers specialised in various shari'a (Islamic iaw) sciences.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

sfour meets Libyan aide

MMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) - Minister of Industry and Trade alid Asfour received yesterday Libyan Secretary of Economy bu Zeid Dourdeh. During the meeting, they reviewed economic d trade relations between their two countries, and the posvility of increasing the volume of Jordanian exports to Libya in e future. The meeting was attended by the Under-Secretary of dustry and Trade Mohammad Saleh Hourani and the director the ministry's economic cooperation department.

'ostal union meeting starts today

MMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) — Jordan will participate in the meetgs of the executive council of the Arab Postal Union, which will en in Dubai on Saturday. The Jordanian delegation to the eetings, under Under-Secretary of Communications Faris Al rayreb, left Amman for Dubai yesterday. The Arab delegations rticipating in the 10-day meetings will discuss several topics lated to expanding the scope of postal cooperation among the e most modern methods.

stinguished U.S. pianist due

works by Mendelssohn and Liszt,

and rescuing lesser-known com-

The pianist's programme in

Amman will include a recital at

the Holiday Inn Ballroom on

Tuesday, Dec. 8 at 8:30 p.m. He

will also conduct a workshop at

the American Centre, to which all

music teachers and interested

music students are invited, at 4

Free tickets and further infor-

mation are available from the

p.m. on Wednesday, Dec. 9.

American Centre.

posers from obscurity.

IAN, Dec. 4 (J.T.) — Mr. 1 Berkofsky, a distinguished American pianist, will in Amman on Sunday, to m at the invitation of the d States International unication Agency.

n in 1943 in Washington. Mr. Berkofsky studied at eabody Conservatory of in Baltimore. He later ed a Fulbright grant to study Vienna Academy.

r winning the National League Young Artist Audild annually in New York. sky received a five-year per has since flourished; he competition, has performed najor symphonies as feasoloist and has made

are berkofsky is also rec-I for his work in restoring

: ional unistration inar ends

N, Dec. 4 (Petra) — A on regional administorganised by the Arab tion for Administrative (AOAS) concluded in yesterday.

AS Director General

sh Al Zo'bi made a speech 3 out the significance of ninars, whose aim, he said, ent the participants on the . eoretical concepts of regadministration and to t them with the results of studies in the administf developing regions. The mental factors affecting

administration are also to account.

g the week-long seminar, cipants discussed topics o the concepts of regional Tation and urban studies sir impact on regional nent, and ways to develop administration in Arab Twenty high-ranking administration officials in ountries attended the

end of the seminar, Dr. istributed certificates to

to serve 27 northern villages

New complex

IRBID, Dec. 4 (Petra) — Eighty dunums of land have been expropriated in the Sama Al Rusan triangle area in preparation for the construction of a complex to house government departments, a central school for boys and a health centre.

The project will serve the 27 villages of Bani Kananeh area, whose total population is 60,000

Preliminary studies of the cost and the steps of the project's implementation are currently

post offices in '81

AMMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) — The Communications Ministry opened this year 38 post offices around the country, bringing the total number of post offices to 709, Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben said today.

Dr. Zaben explained that 90 per cent of the new post offices were opened in rural areas, centres of agricultural production and remote areas where no postal services had been available.

Dr. Zaben added that under the ministry's working plan for next year, which was approved recently, 82 new post offices will be opened in various parts of the

Jordanian costume stars in New Jersey

ILO team hears of Israeli measures

International Labour Organisation (ILO) delegation currently touring the Middle East yesterday visited the Foreign Ministry, the Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs and the Amman Chamber of Industry. Its members were briefed by Jordanian officials on the conditions of the Arab workers and residents in the occupied territories, and heard an explanation of the arbitrary economic and tax measures applied by the Israeli occupation authorities against Arab industrial and investment enterprises and businessmen, with the aim of forcing them to evacuate their home-

Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim reviewed with the delegation yesterday the conditions of the Arab workers in the occupied territories, and the measures which could be taken to assist them and to protect their rights.

Mr. Ibrahim explained to the ILO delegation the practices of the Israeli authorities in the occupied territories -- practices which, he said, contravene all civilised laws. He also explained to the delegation the arbitrary measures applied by the Israeli occupation authorities against Arab trade unions and workers' interests.

The delegation, comprising ILO Equal Rights Department Director Claude Roseller and Beirut Office Director Shukri Al Dajani, arrived in Amman on Tuesday. The team's mission is preparatory to a fact-finding visit. the fifth by an ILO delegation, to the occupied Arab territories in search of information about the condition of workers there.

Public works officers review projects, budget

AMMAN. Dec. 4 (Petra) — Minister of Public Works Awni Al Masri yesterday presided over the monthly meeting of public works directors in Jordan's governorates

During the meeting, they dis-cussed the conditions of the veh-Jordan got 38 new cussed the conditions of the venil preparation for their redis-tribution to the local public works directorates, according to the needs of the projects which will be implemented next year. They also reviewed the financial situation of the ministry for this year, as well as the programmes and projects included in the draft budget of next vear.

Mr. Masri requested the public works officers to expedite the processing of fees due to contractors, so they might be paid before the end of the year; and to provide the ministry, by the end of January with a comprehensive report on the achievements of each direc-

The meeting was attended by the ministry's under-secretary and high-ranking ministry officials.

torate this year.

with the Jordan Times, said that the current mission would facilitate the occupied territories mis-sion, scheduled for early 1982, which would follow up a 1980 ILO resolution on Israeli settlements in the occupied territories. He stressed, however, that the organisation was concerned with settlements only insofar as they affect the conditions of workers: the domain to which the ILO's mandate is restricted.

The ILO can only work within its "terms of reference," he asserted; and it has no power to enforce any recommendations or decisions it might take.

Mr. Roseller noted that in the delegation's discussions with Jordanian officials, it had encountered great concern to improve the conditions of the Arab workers living under Israeli occupation. All information the team gathers on its current trip will be used on the 1982 mission, he said.

The team, which arrived here after a visit to Syria, is due to travel to Lebanon tomorrow. There, Mr. Roseller said, its members plan to have more preparatory talks, this time with officials of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

He said that the mission to the occupied territories next year would meet with the people con-cerned in private, which would facilitate the gathering of factual. unbiased information. The team would be examining ways the ILO can help workers under occupation--for instance, with training and seminars.

The findings of both the current mission and next year's will be submitted to the ILO director general, who will in turn submit them to the next international labour conference.



the 38th CAEU ministers' session in Amman.

CAEU ministers approve 2 new firms, Palestine support

AMMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) — The two-day 38th session of the ministerial council of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU), which ended here yesterday, approved a number of important resolutions, including the establishment of two joint Arab companies and measures to aid the Palestinian economy.

CAEU Secretary General Fakhri Qaddouri, announcing this at a press conference here yesterday, said the resolutions of the council session would enhance joint Arab action on the path of economic

integration.

Dr. Qaddouri said that the CAEU secretary general's report. dealing in detail with economic activities in the Arab World during and Arab countries, were discussed. The CAEU general secretariat was requested to distribute the report to member states, he said. Dr. Qaddouri added that the ministerial council decided to support and to facilitate the marketing in Arab countries of the industrial and agricultural pro-

ing the 1970s as well as inter-

national economic developments

and their impact on the develop-

ducts of the occupied Arab territories. It also approved the establishment of an Arab international company for land transport, he said. The general secretariat was requested to invite the delegates of states and representatives of Arab official and semi-official

companies to meet and to set in motion the operation of the company. Dr. Qaddouri said. The CAEU secretary general also said that the ministerial council had approved the establishment of an Arab printing company, and requested the general secretariat to make contacts with

Arab countries to agree upon their

participation. The council also approved the unified byelaws of specialised Arab federations, and a technical aid programme for 1982 to the less developed Arab countries. The appropriations for such aid in next year's CAEU budget totalled \$625,000, an increase by 46 per cent from 1981, Dr. Qaddouri

He explained that the aid will be used in performing statistical surveys, raising the standards of statistics employees, paying for the equipment they need and the expenses of statistical trainees.

The amount so far spent on the technical aid programme since its establishment now totals \$2.25 million, he said.

Dr. Qaddouri said that the ministerial council also approved several important resolutions, including all the recommendations of the subcommittees which met in the last six months and the council's budget for 1982. The council will hold its 39th session in Amman next June, he said.

The participants in the meeting sent a cable to His Majesty King Hussein expressing their thanks and appreciation for the warm reception and hospitality accorded to them. They affirmed that they would continue their efforts to achieve more on the road to Arab economic unity.



an athletic trophy from Mr. Ali Ghandour at Thursday's ceremony (Petra photo)

Alia's 18-year development recalled at awards ceremony

AMMAN, Dec. 4 (Petra) -Awards and cups were distributed to the athletes of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, in a reception at the Holiday Inn last night.

Alia Chairman and President Ali Ghandour, in a speech on the occasion, emphasised the role of sports in developing the physical and mental capabilities of Alia's employees, and consequently. increasing their productivity.

Noting that Alia will soon celebrate its 18th anniversary, Mr. Ghandour recalled that the airline had begun small, and had grown to occupy the second place in the Arab World in terms of productivity, and the 32nd place among the world airlines. He said this is a distinguished position. which Alia enjoys thanks to the efficiency of its employees and their dedication to the "pioneer-

ing institution." Mr. Ghandour said that Alia will next year increase the number of its flights to the United States. There will be more than one daily U.S. flight, to more than one destination, he said.

Mr. Ghandour added that world airlines are facing difficulties and suffering financial losses because of the stagnation in the world economy. However, thanks to its

At the end of the reception, Mr. Ghandour distributed the cups

and medals to Alia employees who had won competitions in chess, table tennis and other sports. He also presented medals to employees with from five to 15 years of service.

employees, Alia has not faced

these difficulties or suffered these

losses, he said.

Today's Weather

It will be partly cloudy, with light and variable winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

| | Overnight Low | Daytime High |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Amman | 6 | 16 |
| Agaba | 12 | 24 |
| Deserts | 5 | 18 |
| Jordan Valley | 12 | 24 |

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 15. Aqaba 21. Humidity readings: Amman 45 per cent. Aqaba 46 per cent.

Exhibitions

WHAT'S GOING ON

- * Photos of the Iraqi-Iranian Gulf war, at the Iraqi press office.
- Ceramic reliefs by Maha Otaqui, at the Suhail Bisharat Gallery in Jabal Amman.
- ' Ceramies by Issam Nuseirat and Vivian Batshoun, at the Haya Arts Centre.

Film

* The French Cultural Centre presents a comedy in colour, "Le Sauvage," (Arabic sub-titles) at 7:30 p.m.

Children's plays

* The Haya Arts Centre in cooperation with the Goethe Institute presents plays for children (age 5 - 10): "The Musicians of Bremen" and "Rapunzel," performed by the Drama Group of the Haya Arts Centre, in Arabic, at 3:30 p.m.

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Elementary school student Jim Anz wears Arab dress to represent Jordan during a costume day recently at Cherry Hill school in River Edge, New

Jersey. Jim works with a classmate representing Germany on a weaving project. (Photo by Rich

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Stir for a stalemate

THE IRONY of U.S. special envoy Philip Habib roaming the Middle East while the U.S.-Israeli strategic cooperation agreement was being signed in Washington brings up once again the matter of America's credentials as a mediator in the Arab-Israeli conflict. The full meaning of the strategic cooperation agreement will take some time to become clear. But it is obvious already that it will badly complicate the ability of the two superpowers to have any kind of cooperation in helping to resolve the. Arab-israeli dispute. Soviet involvement is crucial for a lasting settlement, and the Americans and Israelis are being naive if they believe that the Soviets can be. kept out of Mideast diplomatic moves. To formally commit the Americans and Israelis to an anti-Soviet alliance in the region is about as frantic and as frenzied as one can get without actually accusing Mr. Brezhnev of beating up little Arab children.

If the Americans and Israelis have no pride to fall back on, the Soviets do. They are unlikely to take kindly to being the object of a military cooperation accord between Washington and Tel Aviv, and they are likely to respond in a manner that will complicate efforts to achieve peace in the Middle East. The Americans, in one swift move, have alienated most of the Arabs and the Soviets as well. For Washington then to send in Mr. Habib as a would-be peace-maker strikes us as peculiar, if not badly contradictory.

We had always thought that a joint American-Soviet effort, at some point, could play a major role in peace-making attempts. It seems that the American-Israeli side does not wish this to happen. We are asked to accept only American mediation, at a time when Americanism smacks of a severe lack of evenhandedness. A better recipe for stalemate would be hard to imagine.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Another stumbling block

AL RA'L: Obviously the strategic cooperation agreement concluded between the United States and Israel adds a new stumbling block to the already existing obstacles in the way of achieving peace and stability in the

The agreement will provide Israel with more military capabilities in addition to the military and economic aid which the Zionist state has already obtained from the United States. It will also instal Israel as a policeman in the area under the pretext of defending it against the Soviet

This means that the Israeli obstinacy, which has always depended on force, will continue in view of the additional strength which Israel will acquire according to the agreement. This will expose the area to further

Furthermore, the agreement means turning facts in the area upside down, because it is the Israeli aggression that threatens the area. Moreover, the agreement constitutes a dangerous step to involve the area as an arena for superpower rivalry.

The agreement and its consequences should prompt the Arabs to rise to the level of challenges; they cannot do so unless they rebuild their unified ranks, overlook their useless sensitivities, and embark on the path of joint Arab action. This what has been stressed by King Hussein in the Fez summit, and before it, in the Amman summit, and in all Arab meetings and talks. This is the only way for the Arabs to build their self-strength, stay away from foreign ailiances and axes, preserve the Arab free will, and become capable of unified action based on this free will.

The significance of Jordan's role

AL DUSTOUR: While it was a coincidence that U.S. special Middle East envoy Philip Habib and Soviet roving ambassador Mikhail Sytemko were visiting Amman at the same time, their visits are a reaffirmation of the significance of the Jordanian role in the region and in any international efforts to establish a just and durable peace in it and in coping with any

dangers and threats posed to it.

The presence of the representatives of the two superpowers in Amman is also an affirmation of another significant fact, namely the independence of the Jordanian policy which is based on dealing with others free from polarisation or alliances, because those who fall into the trap of such alliances lose their national identity and become incapable of action and subservient to others and their policy, even if this policy contradicts their

national interests, goals and aspirations. Jordan's consistent and frank stand and its pan-Arab commitments. particularly the Palestine cause, are the basis for the significance of the Jordanian role. They also allow Jordanian policy to be independent, to act freely and to deal with others according to the dictates of the supreme

What the American envoy heard from King Hussein and the Jordanian officials on Lebanon and the situation in the Middle East represents lordan's consistent and declared stand. It was the same thing which the Soviet envoy heard from the King.

Jordan is eager to achieve just and comprehensive peace, but it is also more eager to protect the future of the Arab Nation and defend its rights, particularly the rights of the Palestinian people, which have been denied for many years as a result of the Israeli aggression and occupation of Palestinian lands.

Consequently, we take issue with the United States because it is still following a policy biased in favour of aggressor Israel. We believe that the United States is either unwilling or incapable of balancing its policy and energing its influence and prestige as a superpower to force Israel to stop its aggression and to withdraw from the occupied Arab areas in order to pave the way for achieving a just and comprehensive settlement, because partial settlements cannot contribute to the establishment of peace, sta-bility and security. On the contrary, they complicate matters, escalate tension, and bring the situation closer to explosion.

Because we are eager to achieve genuine peace and protect our national rights, we appreciate the stand of the Soviet Union which supports Arab rights and the rights of the Palestinian people as well as the support it renders to us in confronting the Israeli aggression, and in rejecting partial settlements and the Camp David plot.

Gordan Times Let's listen to what the Saudis have to say

Not since Israel's creation in 1948, in my judgement has there been a greater possibility of achieving peace between Israel, the Palestinians and its Arab neighbours.

Looking back, anyone who expected the Camp David accords to be accepted by all the states in the Middle East was unaware of the sensitivities that were either ignored or purposely shelved for later consideration. Likewise, anyone who now expects the Saudis' eight points to be universally applauded is remiss in not appreciating the real facts of life in the region -- both in Israel and among parties less thoughtful than

However, the acceptance by Jordan, the PLO and others of the overall approach embodied in the Saudi eight-point peace plan may be a crucial turning point. For the first time, even if indirectly, important Arab parties have

turned away from "outlawing" Israel as an illegitimate entity and have looked to negotiations with recognition and "coexistence" as the eventual goal.

Many have forgotten the extreme difference between the speeches Anwar Sadat and Menachem Begin made to the Knesset -- differences that thoughtful negotiations helped

My visit in August to a number of Arab countries, including Saudi Arabia, convinced me that with very few exceptions there was a general feeling at the highest levels that Israel was here to stay, that it had developed into a military superpower, that Jewish nationalism was accepted as such if not understood, and that the time had finally come to find an answer to the basic problem that stood in the way of a comprehensive peace.

Over and over, the Palestinian issue dominated conversation and viewpoints. The Palestinians have become a special people in the Arab World, in some ways like the Jews were in the West following World War II.

The next most significant conclusion was that the PLO was the only party qualified to speak for the Palestinians. There will be those who will say that such a conclusion is naive or ill-founded. Perhaps so; but it remains a fact that the PLO has sufficient strength in an increasing number of capitals to either accelerate or abort the peace process that was begun four years ago with Sadat's Jerusalem visit.

The PLO members are trying to create, and with some success, an organisation that handles many social and economic problems, even as they continue to build a more sophisticated military potential. They are spoken of as "the modern-day Jews of the Arab

I found that the Camp David accords were rejected not so much because of unwillingness to contemplate peace with Israel as because they failed to link properly the Egyptian-Israeli treaty with resolution of the Palestinian issue. Many condemn Camp David for this, forgetting that without this beginning there probably would not be today's Saudi initiative. Others feel that Camp David has served its function and should now be supplemented or

transcended It would be tragic and unthinkable to lose the momentum begun at Camp David. The autonomy discussions should now be accelerated in an attempt to draw Palestinian representation into the negotiations. But if the autonomy talks fail to deal adequately with the Palestinian issue. there is no dishonour in supplementing them with the suggestions of others.

Here the Saudi approach may

prove useful. As President Hosni Mubarak in Egypt has suggested, and as the Reagan administration has implied, the Saudi ideas are not incompatible with the peace process. Enlarging participation in the process was, in fact, envisioned at Camp David.

I knew the representatives of Saudi Arabia in the United Nations in the mid-1950s and 1960s. They were in the main mercenaries who were not always native Saudis or polished diplomats. Energy economics and 20 years have transformed the Saudi situation. Yet the ruling family, it appears to me, senses that many more changes need to be made. In my contacts outside the kingdom with representatives of the Saudi monarchy and with Saudi private businessmen, I have not found the alleged arrogance of which some others complain. There actually seems to be a kind of modesty accompanied by serious anxiety about the unknown future. Comparing Saudi Arabia with Inunder the Shah is unrealistic h fact, there is little comparison to Saudi Arabia today or probably is history the country is rui general

I conclude that no genuine peace will be achieved anyting soon without some real metals of Saudi participation. If this con-clusion is correct, or even if the conjecture has possibilities, then should be explored by both the United States and Israel. We med to build on the progress Com David made possible. We may be mid-stream between the hegin. ning of a limited peace and the achievement of a comprehens

peace. EDITOR'S NOTE: Philip Klutznik was secretary of commerce in the Carter administration and is president emeritus of the World Jewish Congress and honorary president of B'nai Brith International.

-- From The Washington Post.

Israel plays the 'Jewish' trick to net basketball players

By Daniel Grebler Associated Press

TEL AVIV - ISRAEL'S NATIONAL basketball season was almost held up this year because of an argument over whether Jack Zimmerman's mother was Jewish.

If she was not, neither was he. And if he was not, he was not qual-

iffied to play. The Zimmerman case illustrates how far Israeli sports entrepreneurs will go to squeeze
U.S. players through loopholes in Israel's unique immigration laws.

Like most European basketball teams, Israeli squads have hired American players to raise their standards. Israel basketball association rules permit squads to use one foreign player in local play. In European international games, a second non-citizen may join each team.

Here is where Israel's immig-

ration law comes in. The law of return grants automatic citizenship to every Jewish immigrant along with spouses, whose religion does not matter.

The chief rabbis define a Jew as anyone born to a Jewish mother, but there are two shortcuts to citizenship; conversion or marriage.

Zimmerman, a former University of Dayton star, signed with league champions Maccabi Tel Aviv, whose three other American-born players, two immigrants and one foreigner, have led the team to two European cup titles in four years.

When Zimmerman arrived in Tel Aviv, local sports reporters wrote that Maccabi has signed "a new Jewish player" to strengthen

'Actually, neither Maccabi nor Zimmerman said he was Jewish," says Motti Rosenblum, a sportswriter for the daily Maariv. We just created a storm in a teacup - we heard the name Zimmerman and figured he had to be Jewish. We were the cause of all the noise."

If Zimmerman were Jewish, it would have made him Maccabi's third new immigrant player, and Eitan Megiddo, coath of the rival Hanoel Ramat Gan Club, threatened to demand a check on all the league's newcomers "as to whether they are truly Jews or

Megiddo said he tried to recruit Zimmerman last summer but gave up upon learning he was not Jew-

On the opening night of the local season, Zimmerman did not suit up for Maccabi, and since then has played only in European league games. He can join the local league only if he converts to Judaism, or marries a Jew or goes through a three-year naturalization period.

Besides Zimmerman, there are some 35 other Americans playing for Israel's top 12 teams at

Salaries ranging from \$20,000 to \$60,000 a year. Some are Jews who have accepted Israeli citizenship, becoming dual nationals. Others, washed out of American professional teams, came here seeking new careers in the European league.

"I know of cases where they paid Israeli women to marry foreign basketball players who they could play in the league," says member of parliament Micha Hac-

Hapoel Tel Aviv's Andy Walker is an example of a team's gaining a gentile player through his Jewish spouse. Walker, who palyed professionally in the United States, immigrated earlier this year with his Jewish wife and became a citizen. Hapoel not only got an ex-pro, but also retained spots on its roster for another foreign player for local competition and two foreigners for European

How does an immigrant prove

Jewishness? Most of the time, no one asks for proof until he or she wants to marry. Then two witnesses are required to testify to rabbinical authorities that the prospective bride or groom immigrant or native Israeli -- is

"In the case of an immigrant, we sometimes require a letter from the rabbi of his congregation." said a spokesman for the rabbinate. The interior ministry uses similar methods in determining the Jewishness of potential citi-

Rosenblum recalls at least one basketball player from South America who claimed to be a Jew and played four games in the local league. "Then people who knew the congregation there said they had never heard of his family. He was on a plane the next day."

Another controversy involved Aulcie Perry, a U.S. pro before becoming Maccabi Tel Aviv's

Perry converted to Judamand took Israeli citizenship when his three-year foreign status enjared. The rival Hupoel Tel Avivtried to scuttle the move by daming Perry's circumsion, a main element of conversion to Judian was not carried out in accordance

with orthodox law. The affair provoked a storm in narliament and Maccabi accused Hapoel of racism. It died out in a few days, apparently because no one wanted to turn such an unit affair into a political crisis.

Perry, 31, has taken the Helion name Elisha. He and another U.S. black, former Boston Celtics and New York Nets player Earl Williams, are the mainstays of Maccabi's championship run, proving that unless the law of return amended to exclude men over 1.8 metres tall who, can shoot rebound, pass and dribble, basketball will continue to bring immigrants to the Jewish state.



propaganda war on rival ayatollahs

By Fereshteh Emami Associated Press

BEIRUT - ALTHOUGH CLERGYMEN are aplenty in Iran's Islamic republic, only one of the six foremost spiritual leaders wields any authority in the gov-

The one is Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, the aged patriarch of the revolution and, under the 1979 constitution, the Faghi or supreme religious and political leader.

Fundamentalist zealots have warned Iranians that it is haram a sin against religion - to follow the teachings of three of the country's six "grand ayatoliahs" including Kazem Shariatmadari, a longtime opponent of Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi.

Shariatmadari, after a falling out with Khomeini, lives under virtual house arrest in Qorn, the Shi ite Muslim theological centre, 110 kilometres south of Tehran. His supporters say he is under constant surveillance by Khomeini loyalists and was recently refused a passport when he wanted to make a pilgrimage to the Grand Mosque of Mecca in

Saudi Arabia. Four years ago Shariatmadari's house was the gathering place for earnest young theologianrevolutionaries.

Shariatmadari and two other grand ayatollahs, Hassan Qomi and Abol Qassem Khoi, now are

ignored by the state-run news media which used to attack them when they disagreed with the Khomeini fundamentalists. Disputes centred on the clergy's increasingly dominant role in politics and the Islamic revolutionary courts which have condemned thousands to death by stoning and by firing squad.

Grand Ayatollah stripped

Qomi, after criticising Khomeini's revolutionary guardsmen in the northeastern city of Mashhad, was literally defrocked and stripped to his underwear in the city's grand mosque last summer, Tehran newspapers reported. His son Mahmoud, also a clergyman, had his beard shaved off as part of the family's disgrace.

Qomi remains in Mashad under constant surveillance, according to Ayatollah Mehdi Rohani, who was lived in Paris for many years but keeps in touch with colleagues in Iran.

Khoi, although an Iranian by birth, has spent decades in Iraq which has a large Shi ite population. Sources close to his family said Khoi and other prominent theologians dispute Khomeini's right to be called "Grand Ayatol-

This title is traditionally bestowed in Islam's Shi'ite sect by a clergyman's followers to honour his expertise in interpreting the Koran, and for his spiritual lead-

Even after Khomein's triumphant return from exile in France in 1979. Khoi's letters to the revolutionary leader addressed him as "Hojatoleslam Khomeini," one rank below ayatollah in the Shi ite hierarchy, the sources said.

Two other grand ayatollahs, Shahabedin Marashi Najafi and Mohammad Reza Payegani, are still officially in favour but they are seldom heard and have little power, according to clerical sources close to Khomeini. Both live in Qom.

"They tolerate the regime in the sense that they go to official func-tions," Ayatollah Mehdi Rohani said in a telephone interview from Paris, where he has lived since before the 1979 revolution.

This active participation in politics by Khomeini and hundreds of lower-ranking ayatoliahs and hojatoleslams had alienated thousands of Iran's 65,000 clergy men, Rohani claimed.

Junior Khomeini in trouble

Khomeini's grandson, Hojatoleslam Hossein Khomeini, in a speech last summer in Mashhad criticised the hardline regime, according to the opposition National Front newspaper. It quoted him as saying, "It is worse

than the Shah's." Western diplomats in Tehran said young Khomeini was subsequently taken to Qom and placed under house arrest.

Rohani, who said he is allied with no political group but main-

tains contacts with Iranian dissidents from right-wing monarchists to leftist Mujahedeene-Khalq guerrillas, predicted that eventually a "silent majority" of clergymen could rise against the fanatical regime.

Courts and Islamic law

The 46-year-old Rohani claimed there is already grave concern among the clergy over the conduct of the revolutionary courts. These courts, he said, were set up in the name of religion but their decisions are not in line with Islamic regulations."

As an example, he cited the executions of Mujahedeene-Khalq women which are periodically reported by Tehran's state media. "The Holy Koran says that even if there are women fighting on the battlefield, no one is allowed to kill them," Rohani

He also denounced the confiscation of wealth of executed regime opponents, a common practice in the early days of the Islamic republic when many of the deposed Shah's officials were executed.

"The taking of people's wealth - the way it has been done - is illegal," said Rohani. "If someone thought to be guilty is executed, his wealth has to be passed onto his heirs."

Such actions by the government, Rohani charged, tarnish the image of the government and

Iran's executive, legislative and judicial branches are now headed by clergymen. President Ali Khamenei and Parliament Speaker Ali Akbar Rafsanjani are bojatoleslams, while Chief Justice Abdul Karim Ardabili is an ayatollah. Scores of other clergymen serve in parliament, as ideological watchdogs in the military and internal security forces and in various other government

positions. Shariatmadari, in the early days of the revolution, said, "Guiding the people is far more important than any government position could be."

3 Ayatoliahs haram

Rohani claimed that grand ayatollahs Shariatmadari, Omi and Khoi were declared haram because of their opposition to clergy participation in the running

of government. Hojatoleslam Sadeq Khalkhali, the former religious judge who ordered the executions of hundreds of the Shah's officials in 1979 and is now a member of parliament, offered a different opin-

In a telephone interview from Tehran, Khalkhali told the Associated Press that the three spiritual leaders were haram because Khoi approved of the Shah and used to give him rings as gifts. Shariatmadari tried to keep the Shah here and to prevent Khomeini from coming best to Iran. Qomi is not allowed to pastise religious jurisprudence."

Lower ranks not spared

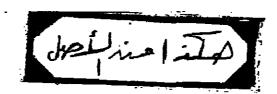
Lower-ranking clergymen have also been shunned for opposite the regime. Hojatoleslam Tehrani, a former Khomeini sep-porter and former religions july in Mashhad, fell out of favour in supporting the secular-made president Abol Hassan Bani-Sal who was dismissed by Khong last June 2, sources said. Wester diplomats in Tehran said Tehran was arrested last summer and

sequently went on a hunger strate Ayatollah Ali Ghafouri, member of parliament, has no shown up in Tehran since two this sons were executed in September for belonging to the out lawed Mujahedeen-e-Khalq is parliament's public relations

office said. A source close to the family told the A.P. that Ghafourt's wife has "tried to commit suicide seren times following the executions and she has to be force-fed. Ghafour himself is in seclusion and in bad

shape."

Mansour Farhang, an aide of ousted president Abol Hassin Bani-Sadr and a former Iranian representative at the United Nations recently told a news conference in New York that seteral young clergymen have been executed in Iran for opposing the



ECONOMY

U.S. jobless up to 8.4%

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 (R) -The number of unemployed in the United States soared over the nine million mark in November to reach its highest level in more than six years, the government said

The unemployment rate increased by four-tenths of a point from the previous month to 8.4 per cent as the American economy plunged deeper into recession, according to data released by the labour department.

The number of Americans without jobs has climbed by 1.5 million since July, providing solid evidence that the current reces-

sion has not levelled off. Merchants have reported preChristmas sales down from last vear and administration officials have predicted that an economic upturn is unlikely before next

Almost half a million workers have been dropped from manufacturing payrolls in the last two months alone and construction workers are also experiencing high unemployment, the department said.

The commerce department reported yesterday that orders for manufactured goods fell by 5.2 per cent in October, raising the prospect of further layoffs. Most economists believe the unemployment rate will climb to nine per cent before the slide ends.

Dave Cross, a senior economist with the Chase Econometrics private forecasting firm, told Reuters he expects extensive plant closings later this month because of the decline in orders.

The weakness in the economy has been concentrated in the industrial sector, but it appears to be spreading with the newlyunemployed cutting back spending because of their loss of income.

Retailers are reporting luggish sales despite the approach of the Christmas holidays, traditionally a peak sales period.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 4 (R) - China

has offered to sell uranium to the

European Economic Community

(EEC), as long as it is used for

peaceful purposes, senior EEC

The offer, a reflection of the

community's growing links with

China, was made during a visit of

European geologists to Peking

It was repeated at the meeting last month of the EEC-China joint

trade commission in Peking and is being studied by EEC gov-

emments. If they agree, more

talks on the proposal and other

aspects of cooperation in atomic

energy are likely when Chinese

experts visit the EEC commission

officials said today.

earlier this year.

The recession has brought some relief from high inflation and the near record interest rates that prevailed during the summer. "We don't want our workers to

TOKYO, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — Taking Japan's lifetime employment system one step further, a large ceramic company in the city of Kyoto is offering its workers a chance to stay on the job through

The Kvoto Ceramic Co. will commemorate its 23rd anniversary next spring by opening a company cemetery. Company spokes-man Takayuki Maeda said the firm has obtained a tomb at the Empuku-Ji Zen temple under which the bones of 2,000 workers and their families can be

"Many people worked very hard for the growth of the company and we want to reward their loyalty by comforting the spirits of those who die," Mr. Maeda said.

next spring, the officials said.

tacts are at a tentative stage.

But they emphasised that con-

China has not indicated how

much uranium it might be willing

to supply, nor at what price. Euro-

pean governments have yet to

examine the political and safety

aspects of such a deal, the officials

"There is no precipitate haste

The initiative to open talks on

on this on either side," an EEC

cooperation covering the explo-

ration, mining, processing and sale

of nuclear fuel came from Peking.

one of the major uranium pro-

China, regarded as potentially

commission official said.

feel lonely, so we have provided a place where we can meet our friends in beaven and enjoy and talk to each other.

"We are all members of one family, so it is natural to stay together after we die."

Under Japan's lifetime employment system, most workers stay with the same company throughout their working life. In exchange, the company provides training, job security, housing and other benefits and increased salaries for every year of service.

To make sure that company camaraderie does not perish, Kyoto Ceramic Co. plans to hold occasional drinking parties at the tomb, where a cup or two can be raised to those who gave their lives to the business, Mr. Maeda said.

China offers to sell uranium to EEC

The geologists who visited significant new discoveries, the

Europe, which buys most of its

However, the recent slow-down in nuclear energy programmes has regarded as a possibility for the

created a large surplus of uranium and any deal with China would be longer term, the officials said.

ducers, wants help to find and extract reserves for its nuclear power station programme.

China last April believe that the geological structures favoured

uranium from Canada, South Africa, Niger and Australia, is interested in securing new sources of supply.

Till death do us part Japan's economic growth slackens

ТОКУО, Dec. 4 (R) — Japanese economic ministers meet here next week to find ways to head off international trade friction and boost the sagging domestic economy after official figures released today showed alarmingly

slow growth. The report was made public as officials expressed fears that Japan is less able to rely on exports, the driving force behind its strong economic performance for years, to keep its economy

According to the Economic Planning Agency, Japan's gross national product (GNP), the major indicator of a nation's overall economic performance, rose only 0.6 per cent in the July to September period over the previous quarter.

Government officials said that as a result, GNP for this financial year ending next March, forecast in October to reach 4.7 per cent, would now probably be only four per cent after adjustment for infla-

The Japanese economy has been plagued by declining personal spending and other factors such as a sharp fall in house building that have affected a wide range of industries.

The most likely short-term step the government can take is a cut in the official discount rate by around one per cent from the present 6.25 per cent.

This is expected to stimulate the economy by encouraging capital investment by Japanese companies, a major factor in determining how well Japan's economy performs in coming months.

The Tokyo stock market got a lift today on prospects that this key interest rate would be lowered, with the market average rising 91.15 points to 7,716.13.

The GNP statistics today showed that nearly all the growth recorded came from exports. Officials noted that this boom

was unlikely to continue forever as the Japanese yen gains in value making exports less competitive. Stagnant Western economies and the overhanging threat of trade protectionism should begin to diminish the effect of overseas markets on Japan's overall economic growth.

This year Japan is expected to record its highest-ever trade sur-plus of about \$23 billion, with much of it coming from trade with the United States and the European Economic Community.

Those countries in particular,

with their current economic difficulties and high unemployment. have demanded that Japan puts the brake on exports and imports more from them.

Any measures to boost the domestic economy could help the trade problem by increasing Japanese purchases overseas. Western countries are looking for wide-ranging and concrete measures by the Japanese government to make Japan a far more accessible market.

This means cutting tarrifs, reducing other trade barriers and simplifying import procedures which are among major points to be discussed at next week's trade talks between U.S. and Japanese

Japanese Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki has already said he will try soon to advance by two years import tarrif reductions that had been originally agreed for 1983/ 84, a proposal welcomed in Westem Europe and the United States.

Mr. Suzuki also made sweeping changes in his cabinet this week in what he said was a drive towards easing trade friction and boosting the domestic economy, which have become the main political considerations in Japan.

ROME, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - A Libyan state-controlled investment company plans to acquire a financially-troubled Italian sugar and steel company, according to a top-level source at Italy's industry

Libya plans

to take over

Italian firm

The Libyan Arab Investment Company would take over the Maraldi Company in exchange for repaying about 200 billion lire (\$160 million) of debts, the source, who requested anonymity,

The debts are owed to a pool of 42 Italian banks. Italian press reports said the Libyan company would pay a symbolic price of one lira (less than a tenth of a cent) to acquire Maraldi.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Dec. 4 (R) — Share prices closed firmer in quiet trading, and at 1500 hours the Financial Times 30-share index was up 5.8 at 525.7 points, dealers said.

Government bonds closed with gains of up to ¾ point in longer maturities following yesterday's cut to 12 from 13 per cent in the U.S. discount rate, dealers said. Hopes of lower international interest rates also buoyed equities, where industrial leaders posted gains of up to eight pence. The firmer tone also represented a reaction to sharp falls yesterday, dealers said.

Gold shares gained up to 350 cents with the sustained firmness of the bullion price. Leading industrials which gained between four pence and six

pence included ICL Distillers, Glaxo and Courtaulds. Most gains were made in early trading, but the firm tone was resumed around the close, dealers said.

Berec group jumped 21 pence to 151 pence on an improved offer from Hanson Trusat. Hanson fell four pence to 284 pence, while rival Biddoy Tilling added seven pence to 143 pence. House of Fraser, down 14 pence to 160 pence, was a weak feature on rumours the U.K. Monopolies Commission would recommend rejection of Lonhro's bid. Oils were dull, while banks added four

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Dec. 4 (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.1783/86 2.2215/25 2.4300/20 1.7825/40 37.78/82 5.6030/60 1191.75/1192.50

215.95/216.10 5.4590/4620 7.1750/1800

One ounce of gold 423.50/424.25

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs

Italian lire

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns U.S. dollars

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIL

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

| 5:30 | Ког |
|--------|----------------------|
| 5:45 | Carto |
| | Rainbo |
| 6:25 | Children's Programs |
| 6:35 | Buck Roge |
| 7:20 | Local Programs |
| 7:30 | Agriculture Programs |
| | News in Ara |
| 8:30 | Arabic Ser |
| 9:30 | Local Programs |
| | Arabic Pl |
| | News in Aral |
| CHANNE | L 6 |

Feature Film RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz,

.. French Programme

Comedy: Yes, Minister

..... Saturday Variety Show News in English

News in French

.... Documentary

News in Hebrew

| FM |
|--------------------------------|
| 7:00 Sign on |
| 7:00 Sign on 7:01 Morning Show |
| 7:30 News Bulletin |
| 7:40 Morning Show |
| 10:00 News Summary |
| 10:30 Eternal Jerusalem |
| 11:00 Sign off |
| 12:00 News Headlines |
| 12:03 Pop Session |
| 13:00 News Summary |
| 13:03 Radiotheque |
| 14:00 News Bulletin |
| 14:10 Instrumentals |
| 14:30 Over a Cup of Tea |
| 15:00 Concert Hour |
| 16:00 News Summary |
| 16:03 Instrumentals |
| 16:30 Old Favourites |
| 17:00 Melody Time |
| 17:30 In Concert |
| 18:00 News Summarv |
| 18:30 Play of the Week |
| 19:00 News |
| 19:30 Top Twenty |
| 20:30 Morecambe and Wise Show |

... Classical Music

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1143 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Guitar Workshop 04:45 Financial News 4:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 About Britain 05:30 New Ideas 05:40 Book Choice 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Ray Moore's Album Time 07:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From the Weeklies 07:30 The French Miniature 07:45

Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 Peebles' Choice 08:30 A Taste of Hunni, Irish Style 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Science in Action 10:15 About Britain 10:30 Michael Stragoff 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 New Ideas 11:25 The Week in Wales 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Anything Goes 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 Network U.K. 13:30 Golden Treasury 13:45 A Touch of Genius 14:15 I wish I'd Met... 14:30 A Taste of Hunni, Irish Style 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Saturday Special 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Saturday Special 17:00 News Summary 17:02 Saturday Special 17:45 Sports Round-Up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Play of the Week: The Creeper 19:30 Ray Moore's Album Time 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Good Books 20:30 Human Rights 21:15 The Waltz 21:30 People and Politics 22:90 World News; From our

VOICE OF AMERICA

own Correspondent 22:30 New

Ideas 22:40 Reflections 22:45

Sports Round-up 23:00 World News: Commentary 23:15 Let-terbox 23:30 Meridian

GMT -03:30 The Breakfast Show: news on the hour and 28 min, after each bour 17:00 Weekend 18:00 Special English; news/words and their stories, feature, short stories 18:30 New York, New York 19:00 News

and This Week 19:30 Press Conference USA 20:00 Special English: news/words and their stories 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

DEPARTURES:

| 3:30 | Cairo |
|---------|----------------------|
| 5:00 | Tripoli (LA) |
| 6:15 | Frankfort (LH) |
| 6-45 | Beirut |
| 7-00 | Aqaba |
| 7.40 | Company Body (AC) |
| 0-00 | Damascus, Paris (AF) |
| 7:00,,, | Cairo (EA) |
| 9:25 | Beirut (MEA) |
| 10:00 | Frankfurt |
| 11:00 | Vienna, New York |
| 11:55 | Athens, Zurich (SR) |
| | Geneva, Brussels |
| | is, Copenhagen (SAS) |
| | London |
| | Riyadh (\$V) |
| 12:30 | Paris |
| | |
| | Tripoli, Tunis |
| | Kowait |
| | Jeddah |
| 20:15 | Baghdad |
| | Abu Dhabi, Dubai |
| 22:00 | Bagbdad |
| | |

EMERGENCIES

| DOCTORS: | |
|---------------------------|----|
| Amman: | , |
| Abdul Halim Al-Afghani (A | |
| Wahdat) | |
| Navif Al-Khadra 56120/666 | 31 |

| rbid: | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| HARMACIES: | |
| mman: | |
| lairoukh | |
| a'qoub | 1194 |
| d'lijah | . 7206 |
| dʻİjjah bn Al-Haytham | t- |
| VI-Sadio | 5526 |

| Al-Sadiq |
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| Zerge: Royal |
| Irbid: Sa'doun |
| TAXIS: |
| CULTURAL CENTE |

| American Centre 415 |
|-----------------------------|
| British Council 36147 |
| French Cultural Centre 370 |
| Goethe Institute 4199 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre 442 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre 246 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre 397 |
| Hava Arts Centre 651 |
| Al Hussein Youth City 671 |
| Y.W.C.A 4179 |
| Y.W.M.A 642 |
| Amman Municipal Library 361 |
| University of Jordan Libra |
| 843555/84366 |
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| |

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at

| DOCTORS: | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Amman: | | |
| Abdul Halim Al- | Afghani | (AJ- |
| Wahdat) | | |
| Navif Al-Khadra | 5612 | 0/66631 |

Baha'ul Deen Al-Kashif .. (Hussein Quarter)

| PHAKMACIES: | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| Amman: | |
| Vairoukh | 23672 |
| Ya'qoub | 44945 |
| Al 'İjjah | 72068 |
| bn Al-Havtham | t—ì |
| Al-Sadiq | 55266 |
| Zarqa: Royal | (—) |
| i rbid: | () 7 4263 |
| TAXIS: | |
| Taxina | 44660 |
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| American Centre | 41520 |
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| British Council 34 | 6147-8 |
| French Cultural Centre | 37009 |
| Goethe institute | 41993 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre | 4420 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre | 2484 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre | 3977 |
| Haya Arts Centre | 65195 |
| Al Hussein Youth City | 6718 |
| Y.W.C.A | |
| Y.W.M.A, | |
| Amman Municipal Library | |
| University of Jordan L | |
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| | |

SERVICE CLUBS

the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every

Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

PRAYER TIMES

| F | 4.04 |
|-----------------|-------|
| rajr | 4:34 |
| Fajr Sunrise | 6:22 |
| Dhuhr | 11:26 |
| Ast | 2:12 |
| Maghreb | 4:30 |
| lsha | 5:58 |
| CHUR | CHES |

Church of the Annunciation

(Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweib-St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh 71331

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearround. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum; 100 to 150 year old items such as

instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tues-days. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan Jabal Al

Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening

costumes, weapons, musical

hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 plm. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tues-Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orien-

talist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

| Jaum Hjai | 70.7/70.0 |
|------------------|---------------|
| Lebanese pound . | 73/73.9 |
| Syrian pound | |
| Tragi dinar | 655/663.3 |
| Kuwaiti dinar | 1201.6/1208.3 |
| Egyptian pound | 350/360 |
| Qatari riyal | |
| | |

| UAE dirham | 91.2/91. |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Omani riyal | 960/96 |
| U.S. dollar | |
| U.K. sterling W. German mark . | 651.5/655. |
| W. German mark . | 150.2/151 |
| Swiss franc | 187.2/188 |
| Italian lire | |

| (for every 100) | 28/28.8 |
|-----------------|-----------|
| French franc | 59.4/59.8 |
| Dutch guilder | 137.2/138 |
| Swedish crown | |
| Belgian franc | 88.7/89.2 |
| Japanese yen | |
| (for every 100) | 155/155.9 |
| | |

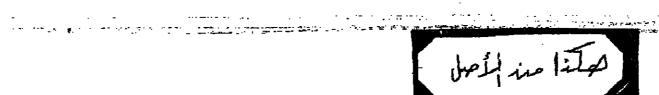
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

| Ambulance (government) | 75111 |
|--|-----------------|
| Civil Defence rescue | 61111 |
| Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) | . 36381-2 |
| Municipal water service (emergency) | . 37111-3 |
| Police headquarters | |
| Najdeh roving patrol rescue police. (English | spoken |
| 24 hours a day for emergency 211 | 11, <i>3777</i> |
| Airport information (ALIA) 923 | |
| Jordan Television | |
| Radio Jordan | 74111 |
| | |

| Firstaid, fire, police Fire headquarters | 22090 |
|---|-------|
| Telephone: | |
| Information | 12 |
| Jordan and Middle East trunk calls | 10 |
| Overseas radio and satellite calls | 17 |
| Telephone maintenance and repair service | |

MARKET PRICES

| Tomatoes | 250 | Apples (Golden) 250 | 200 |
|----------------------|-------|---------------------|-----|
| Eggplant | 120 | Apples (Double Red) | 200 |
| Potatoes (imported) | 130 | Apples (Starken) | 200 |
| Marrow (small) | 180 | Lemons140 | 100 |
| Marrow (large) | 120 | Oranges (Abu surra) | 180 |
| Cucumber (smail)240 | 200 | Oranges (Shamouti) | 100 |
| Cucumber (large)160 | 100 | Oranges (local) | 70 |
| Hot Green Pepper 170 | 130 | Oranges (French) | 100 |
| Sweet Pepper 170 | 130 | Cauliflowers | 200 |
| Cabbage, | 130 | Tangerine | 150 |
| Onions (dry) 100 | 70 | Bomali200 | 150 |
| Green onions 260 | 200 | Carrot | 100 |
| Gartic 650 | 500 | Turnips | 100 |
| Spinach 260 | . 200 | Chestnut 620 | 500 |
| Coconut (piece) | 400 | Grapefruit | . 0 |
| Beans 340 | 250 | Beet 150 | 100 |
| Bananas | 200 | | |



Pakistan determined to balance the books against Australia

ADELAIDE, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — A determined Pakistan side face Australia at Adelaide Oval for the fifth one-day World Series Cup cricket match on Sunday.

Stung by defeats in the first and second tests against Australia, a loss to the West Indies in the opening match of this series and a string of headline-making incidents on tour so far, the Pakistanis mean to balance the books.

Shrugging off reports of a toe injury to all-important paceman Imran Khan, assistant team manager Shafqat Rana said: "The key is in fielding. We fielded poorly against the West Indies and lost, the West Indies fielded poorly against Australia and lost--we won't make the same mistake

With a fully fit squad to pick from the Pakistanis won't be naming their team for Sunday until the morning of the game, adding an element of surprise to the

Despite their manager's confidence, the Pakistan team looked brittle in the nets today as they." practised alongside a powerhouse West Indian workout session.

But true to his word, Mr. Rana overseered a torrid exercise session on the field which indicated their overall fitness and augered well for their fielding.

Nevertheless, Pakistan meets an Australian side growing daily in confidence and boosted by a timely return to form by captain Greg Chappell.

Chappell's double century at the Gabba during the second test against Pakistan could spell trouble for the visitors on what is being described as a batsman's wicket.

Dennis Lillee too is likely to be full of enthusiasm for his first one-day international this summer after being suspended for



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Germany's Irene Epple wins giant slalom at World Cup ski meet

VAL D'ISERE, France, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - Germany's 24-year-old veteran Irene Epple decisively won the giant slalom race of the World Cup ski meet, beating all her rivals in each of the two heats. Switzerland's Erika Hess came from behind to take second place in

the overall standings as 0.33 seconds behind Epple. Tamara McKinney, 19, of Olympic Valley, Calif., who placed second behind Epple in the first heat, stumbled in the lower part of her second run and finished in third place, more than a full second behind the winner. Times are unofficial.

Both heats were run on very hard, crusted snow and McKinney was thrown off balance at a turn on the lower half of the 48-gate second

run when she seemed well placed to win the race. The American girl, winner of the slalom section of the World Cup last season, held second place behind Epple in the first heat, trailling by 0.34 seconds and with a good chance of overtaking her rival in the

She seemed well on her way to achieving this when her half way time gave her 47.40 seconds or 0.26 seconds ahead of Epple. Her fault probably cost her the race.

Perrine Pelen of France, who was sixth in the first heat, moved up into fourth place, with an aggregate of 2:31.56, followed by Epple's sister Maria, fifth with 2:31.72, Italy's Marirosa Quario, sixth with 2:32.39 and Fabian Serrat of France seventh with 2:33.10.

France's last bid for World Cup

PARIS, Dec. 4 (R) - Barring an astonishing upset, France will claim the one remaining European World Soccer Cup place when they meet Cyprus here tomorrow night.

The highly-talented but erratic French must beat Cyprus to edge out Ireland on goal difference and become the 14th European nation

to qualify for the final stages in Spain next summer. Cyprus's past form in group two, seven defeats and 25 goals conceded, suggests France should triumph with ease. But manager

Michel Hidalgo is taking nothing for granted. During their final preparations, Hidalgo has screened Cyprus's match against Belgium in February when the group winners scrambled home 3-2 in Brussels.

The French have left nothing to chance and in a secret training session at the Parc des Princes this morning they even spent some time practising penalty kicks.

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Dubai celebrates anniversary with first ever motor race

DUBAI, U.A.E., Dec. 4 (A.P.) --An estimated 20,000 spectators today cheered three British and one Italian and one Jersey champions who won the first Grand Prix motor race ever held in this Emi-

Top international drivers participated, including Britain's John Watson, a Mariboro world championship team driver, along with eight other world champions and 13 others who figured in previous Formula One circuits of the world.

The spectators and drivers were marking the 10th anniversary of the United Arab Emirates, of which Dubai is the second biggest

Many of the former champions participated in saloon cars celerity race 4-:3, covering a 2.6kilometre track encircling the Hyatt Regency hotel on the edge of the Gulf.

The first race, covering 10 laps of the track, was won by Italy's Bruno Giacomelli in 16 minutes and 38 seconds.

He and other drivers were using Citroen CX-type cars. Giacomelli won the Metropolitan Dubai

Hotel Trophy The second race, Pace Petroleum Aston Martin championship, was won by Mike Salmon. of Jersey, who covered the 10 laps in 15 minutes 00.78 seconds, using historic cars'. He was awarded the Dubai International Hotel Trophy. Britain's Roy Salvadore came second.

The third race, called the British Saloon Car Championship, was won by Tom Walkinshaw of Britain, who went the 10 laps in 13 minutes and 4.07 seconds, winning the Hilton International Hotel Trophy. He was using a Mazda car.

The fourth race, the Marlboro Cup Super Sports Cars, was won by Jerry Marshall of Britain after 12 minutes 42.05 seconds.

The fifth and last race, Galadari Trophy race, was organised for Mideasterners and expatriates living in the U.A.E. using Citroen CX cars, similar to those of the first race, the drivers went around the track in 10 laps, with Capt. Alan Skennerton of Britain winning after 17 minutes and 03.72

32 athletes to run in Japanese marathon

TOKYO, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - Two-time Olympic gold medallist Waldemar Cierpinski of East Germany, will lead a record field of 177 Japanese and Foreign runners in the 10th Fukuoka international marathon Sunday. Cierpinski, 31, winner of the 1976 and 1980 Olympic marathons in

Montreal and Moscow, will be running in the event for the fifth time. Last year he finished sixth, but his best placing is third in the 1976 competition. Among other top contenders entered in the annual event are Garry Bjorkulund of the United States. Vladimir Kotov of the Soviet

Union, Robert De Castella of Australia, and the Japanese twin brothers, Shigeru and Takeshi Soh, and Kumimitsu Ito and Hideaki Kita, both of Japan. The Japanese runners are tipped to win the 42.199-kilometre race

along Hakata Bay in Fukuoka city, Southern Japan. In the last three years. Japanese have swept the top three places.

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-TENDER NOTICE from-Jordan Electricity Authority regarding Tender No. 59/81 for South Rural Electrification Project

Jordan Electricity Authority (J.E.A.) announces the availability of documents for Tender No. 59/81: the supply of overhead line conductors, and accessories for South Rural Electrification Project.

This tender will be financed by the World Bank. Therefore only contractors from countries which are members in the World Bank, in addition to Switzerland and Taiwan, are invited to participate.

One copy of the tender documents can be collected from: Jordan Electricity Authority

Purchasing Department 5th Circle, Jabal Amman

for a non-refundable fee of JD 15.

J.E.A. is prepared to send copies to contractors outside Jordan against the transfer of the above-mentioned

The deadline for receiving offers will be 12 noon on Saturday, 31.1.1982. They are to be submitted to secretary of the tendering committee at the above address.

Offers should be accompanied by a bid bond equal to 2% of the tender price.

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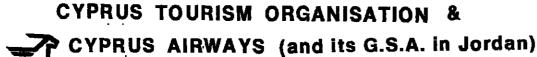
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GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

4. 1981 by Chicago Tribune

DEAR MR. GOREN

Q:-I was always taught to lead fourth-best from my longest and strongest suit when defending against an opposing no trump contract. Now someone in our game tells me that I am dreadfully old-fashioned and that a singleton is often a good lead since it might hit my partner's long suit. Can this be so? What advice do you give?-G. Drew, Portland,

Ore. (This question has been awarded the weekly prize.) A:-Bridge has developed tremendously over the past decade or two, but most of the changes have occurred in the bidding, not in the play. There has been little if any in basic card-play technique in that time. For example, Watson's "Play of the Hand," written in the 30s, is still a classic textbook on card play.

Leading fourth best from a long suit against a no trump contract is a maxim as old as the game itself, even dating back to the days of whist, and this sound principle is still generally followed. Alternatively, if you have a strong sequence, you might prefer

A singleton, however, is usually about the worst lead you can make against a no trump contract - unless partner has bid the suit. It is far more likely to help declarer pick up the suit than to

develop tricks for your side. In addition, it may give declarer time to gain control

of the hand.... Consider how much part ner must have in a suit it your lead of a singleton is to be helpful. And if he does have all that much, bow come he didn't enter the auction with a lead-directing bid?

There are times when it is correct to lead a short-suit For instance, take the case where you have an entryless hand and your long suit consists of five low cards. There is little chance that you can establish and cash long cards in the suit, so you might try to hit partner's suit. But in those cases it is preferable to lead from a three-card suit rather than from a double ton. Rarely, if ever, do you lead a singleton against no trump in a suit that partner hasn't bid.

Q:-In a recent column yes mentioned that, in October, the world team champion ship will be held in the U.S. Can you tell me where and whether spectators are permitted?-A. McCarthy, Philadelphia, Pa. A:- In the last two weeks of

October, the Bermuda Bowl for Open Teams and the Venice Cup for Women's Teams will be played off inthe Rye Town Hilton, Port Chester, N.Y. The matches will be shown to the audience on the Vu-Graph screen with a panel of commentators on hand to analyze the bidding and play. Spectators are most welcome and the fee for watching is nominal.

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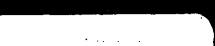
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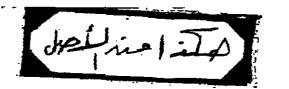
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Jeline IID

FEATURES Hurry and buy vhile the intage is high



By Edmund Penning Rowseil

The perils of forecasting the quality of the Bordeaux vintage were never clearer than for the 1981 стор.

In July last year, in the middle of that miserable summer, an American journalist forecast that the 1980 vintage would be catastrophic. It certainly did not turn out very well three months later, but very recently I tasted some obviously palatable wines.

Yet, according to more than one Bordeaux merchant, this premature prediction has severely influenced the American market. Fortunately, perhaps, British writers on wine carry less author-

This year the soothsayers on this side of the Atlantic went the other way, and voices were heard in August to predict that 1981 would be "another 1961," while a distinguished cellarmaster not a thousand kilometres from the Medoc was seen on television to predict a very great vintage. Alas, it seems unlikely.

The cause of this optimism was the remarkable change in the weather from the end of July onwards. After a pretty dismal start, but with the significant flowering of the vine developing appropriately in mid-June, the later summer arrived in time to alter the poor perspective. It was so hot in August and the first half of September, and there was so little rain, that the grapes were lacking in juice and the skins were thick and tough.

This meant a small, but possibly very good vintage, officially predicted by the French Ministry of Agriculture on Sept. 1 as 3.9 million hectolitres (hl), compared with 3.65 million hl in 1980 and 6.2 million hl in the record year of 1979; but, owing to the very small white Bordeaux crop, gathered earlier than the red, the Bordeaux trade organisation has brought down the total crop forecast to 3.7 million hl.

Indeed, there are fears of a shortage of dry white bordeaux at a time when world demand for white wines is booming. The quality is reported good, especially for

The red wine vintage began generally in good, sunny, weather

conditions, on Sept. 28, but on Oct. 1, wet weather set in and heavy rain set in until mid-day on Oct. 3. Those who had engaged their pickers to work over the ensuing fine weekend benefited, but others had to wait until the following Monday. The weather improved thereafter, but the rain had in some cases reduced the alcoholic strength, already not high, particularly in the Medoc where the Cabernet-Sauvignon is

The deficiency can be made up by the permitted addition of sugar to the fermenting vats, but the end-result is not quite the same, and although it rained again at the end of the week, those delaying picking in the hope of more maturity, and higher strength took an extra risk -- including Lafite who only started gathering their grapes on Oct. 5 and expected to finish on

However, the anti-rot spraying that has been done in the past few years by most of the larger estates has been most successful, and the grape loads that were coming in from many estates were healthy-

looking and sweet-tasting.
The prospects for the 1981 claret vintage are, therefore, good but not great and the gap between the big estates and the less prosperous petits chateaux may be greater than in a year without weather difficulties at the harvest

It is to be hoped that there will be careful selection of the vats, and that not too much 1980 is poured into the 1981, which will certainly turn out the better year. Bordeaux did not want a big vintage, but rather, a moderate-sized one of such quality that it sold itself and revived the morale of a somewhat depressed trade.

What is as certain as can be forecast now, is that the prices of the 1981 vintage will be higher than for the 1980s. This is reasonable enough, as they have stayed the same for three years, with at least 30 per cent inflation in this period. Current talk is of a rise of 25 per cent.

Claret drinkers here who have not bought their 1978s would be well advised to do so now, for on the Bordeaux market the popular growths are double their opening prices; and the 1979s are a good 20 per cent higher.

Bordeaux has not been alone in having a disappointing vintage, and Champagne has suffered worst of all. Early frosts had ruled out a big crop, but until the eve of the picking there had been hopes of 140 million bottles (compared with 110 million last year and 220 million in 1979, and a predicted sales total this year of 150-160 million bottles). In fact the total looks like 90

million to 100 million bottles, and with none of the surplus still Coteaux Champenois that eventually added about 50 million bottles to 1978's miserable 78 miltion. The reduction in the fixed price of top quality grapes from F.F 23.50 a kilo to F.F 20 (\$3.57) is not much help, as last year's figure included a F.F. 10 bonus on account of the small crop; and this year it is only F.F. 3 on a smaller one still. So champagne prices must rise again, and the smaller firms will be particularly hit.

There is not much better news from Burgundy, where the crop is small, particularly for the muchneeded red wines and the quality is distinctly variable. The white wines are said to be better.

Beaujolais, after several large, even excessive, vintages, has had a smaller one this year: a good average quality, but certainly markedly dearer, not least for the Beautiolais Nouveau.

The Rhone, too, has suffered a reduction in output after at least two prolific years and the Loire crop, picked later than further south, is small and probably variable in quality, though that is less of a problem in a region where the wines are mostly for early drinking. It is in the districts whose produce calls for time to develop and mature that wines of good strength, body, fruitiness and

some preserving tannin are needed.

To end on a more cheerful note, Alsace alone appears to have had a good average crop of generally sound quality. Sheltered by the Vosges, they evidently missed the bad weather that has afflicted the rest of wine-growing France. Alsace, too, has a reputation for moderating its price increases, so in the coming year its wines generally under-rated here, may prove increasingly attractive pur-

-- Financial Times News Feature



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Announcement for-

PREQUALIFICATION, TENDERING and RETENDERING for

URBAN DEVELOPMENT PROJECT Loan Number 1893 JO

As announced in the Development Forum Business Edition of 30th November, 1980 the World Bank has approved a loan in various currencies equivalent to U.S. \$21 million, to help Jordan provide housing and related infrastructure and community facilities to 56,000 mostly low-income residents in Amman. The project represents a four-year investment period, beginning in July 1981 through June 1985.

1. Jordanian contractors registered as Class A (General Works) at the Ministry of Public Works, in addition to foreign contractors from member countries of the World Bank, Switzerland and Taiwan are invited to ask the Urban Development Department in the Municipality of Amman, at the address below, to put their names on the mailing list for invitations to tender for:

a) Construction of new developments of infrastructure and housing units of traditional construction, which may be let in contract valued between JD 1.3 and JD 5.5 million. b) Community Buildings such as schools, clinics etc. to be let in contracts up to JD 1.5 million.

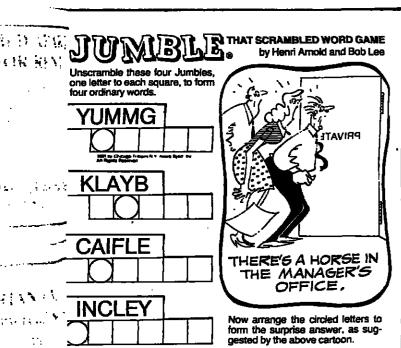
Jordanian contractors registered as Class A or B (infrastructure installations) of the Ministry of Public Works or on the approved list of Amman Water and Sewerage Authority may apply to receive notices of availability of tender documents for upgrading (mainly the installation of sewers and water supply, paving of footpaths and erection of small community buildings), at individual or groups of sites, which may be let in contracts valued from JD 85,000 to JD 1,000,000.

Contractors applying for documents under (1.) above will also be eligible to receive tender documents for (2.) Contractors previously prequalified for the Urban Development Project need not reapply, and they will be notified of the

availability of tender documents. The design consultants for the above works are Halcrow Fox and Associates in association with Jouzy and Partners CEB of

Project Agency Urban Development Department Municipality of Amman P.O. Box 927198 Thx. 22249 UDD JO Tel. 64168-9

Project Design Consultant Halcrow Fox Jouzy and Partners P.O. Box 9112 Amman, Jordan



Print answer here:

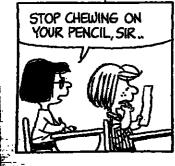
Jumbles: MAIZE SWOON TUSSLE HICCUP Answer: How much does that fat fool weigh?—
A "SIMPLE-TON"



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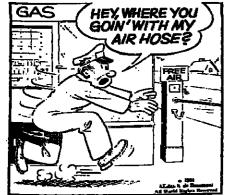








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FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, DEC. 5, 1981

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YOUR DAILY from the Carroli Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day when increased activity is like to occur. It's wise not to act too hastily. Consider all phases of a new plan before making a decision. Think along more constructive lines.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Instead of going off on a worthless fun spree, concentrate on your personal aims. Strive for greater rapport with friends. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Allow time for analyzing

your position and what should be done to improve it. Taking risks now could be dangerous. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A day to study the data that can help you get ahead in career activities. Steer clear

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you understand new business methods introduced in your line of endeavor. Improve your environment. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Ideal day to meet with con-

of one who wants to waste your time.

genials and exchange ideas. Study a new outlet that could be profitable in the future. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Look over your surroun-

dings and make plans for improvements. Take a new treatment to improve your health. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Handle chores early in the day and then join friends at the amusements that are

mutually enjoyable. Think logically. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You are in a mood to argue and could easily annoy others, so do something constructive instead. Sidestep a troublemaker.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Much care in motion is important now or you could get into trouble easily. Shop with care and count the cost.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Make a point to study new ways and means of increasing your income. A business expert can be helpful with suggestions. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Try not to be too

charm in entertaining others for best results. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) It is wise to handle your obligations efficiently now instead of trying to get out of

forceful with others in order to gain your aims. Use your

them. Pay more attention to details. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will have unusual ideas and a strong desire to put them in operation. Be sure to give as fine an education as you can afford and the good in this chart will manifest itself early

and properly. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Martha J. DeWitt

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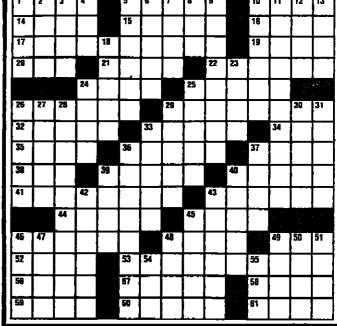
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Pretoria rapped on mercenary issue

PORT ELIZABETH, South Africa, Dec. 4 (R) — Prime Minister P.W. Botha said last night that South Africa was considering legislation to ban members of its armed services from serving as mer-

Mr. Botha, speaking at a banquet in Port Elizabeth, said he wanted the world to take note that the South African government had not known beforehand of last week's attempted coup in the Seychelles. "We neither initiated it nor approved of it," he said.

Some of the mercenaries, who flew to the Seychelles from neighbouring Swaziland and fled to Durban in a hijacked airliner after a gunfight at Mahe Airport, have been identified as former members of elite South African military units and reservists liable to be called up for as much as three months' active service a year.

Mr. Botha said there was at present no legislation to ban exsoldiers or reservists from serving as mercenaries," but on more than one occasion as minister of defence I warned all South Africans against such activities, and I repeat that warning tonight."

No entrance fee is charged on

Fridays, and a larger than usual

crowd was present. Tour operator

R.P. Jain told UNI he counted at

least 2,000 people lining up to

on the lawn around the monument

until ambulances and buses

arrived. Some people compalined that police and fire units had taken

more than an hour to reach the

scene, but UNI noted that the

nearest fire station was 10

Reporters at the scene said

there was broken jewelry, blood, vomit, a shoe heel, handkerchiefs,

combs, broken eyeglass lenses and

school books scattered between

the 35th and 40th steps from the

bottom of the staircase, indicating this was where the main crush had

occurred. The stone steps were 90

cm wide and 20 cm deep at the

their broadest at this point, and

many appeared badly worn.

kilometres away in New Delhi.

The victims initially were laid

He said that South Africa was fully aware of its responsibilities under international anti-hijacking agreements.

A storm of protest at home and abroad was aroused after the release of 39 mercenaries who fled to South Africa on the hijacked airliner. Five others, described as the ringleaders by Police Minister Louis le Grange, were only charged with kidnapping.

The United States said it would investigate whether South Africa was in breach of stringent international anti-hijacking agreements which it had signed.

families of each of those killed

would receive 10,000 rupees (about \$1,110) and the families of

those injured would receive 4,000

rupees (about \$444), half from the Prime Minister Relief Fund and

half from the New Delhi city gov-

U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim said South Africa's action "cannot but encourage those who contemplate such

grossly illegal actions as hijacking and the reprehensible use of mercenaries.

Mr. Botha said the South African government was fully aware of its responsibilities towards the international community and the international agreements which it had signed.

"The matter has been placed in the hands of the police and the courts and I find it rather ridiculous for people now to try and force us to interfere with the work of the police and the courts," he said. The law must take its course."

Mr. le Grange said earlier this week that the 39 freed mercenaries had not broken any law in South Africa, a statement strongly disputed by opposition leaders

Weinberger discusses U.S. military aid in Ankara

ANKARA, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - Top Turkish military officers today briefed U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger on this nation's needs for modernisation of its armed forces, Turkish gov-

ernment sources reported. Mr. Weinberger arrived in the Turkish capital late last night and began his official contacts today. The secretary first attended a

briefing held in the Turkish Defence Ministry on Turkey's military modernisation programme, the sources said. Later, he met with Premier

Bulend Ulusu. The sources said Turkey is about to complete plans designed to produce U.S. jet fighters under

Turkey hopes to get \$703 million in aid from the United States in 1982. Of the total \$300 million is slated for economic projects and the rest will be extended in military assistance.

Mr. Weinberger is scheduled to meet with Turkish head of state Gen. Kenan Evren tomorrow before leaving for Naples, Italy.

while, some 500 tourists stranded for over a week following the abortive coup left for home today with the reopening of badly damaged Pointe Larue Airport. Officials said another 500 tour-

and several newspapers.

In Victoria, Seychelles, mean-

ists are scheduled to leave over the weekend on regular or special

This Indian Ocean archipelago. which counts tourism as its main source of foreign exchange, also received its first group of 30 tourists since the attempted coup. They arrived on an Air France flight from Paris today.

The stranded tourists were confined to their hotels for much of the week since the Nov. 25 coup attempt. But tourism officials said the visitors understood the situation, were relaxed and cooperating with hotel personnel.

British, French and West German planes landed to take out the stranded tourists today, bringing in a group of 30 foreigners booked for holidays on the tropical archipelago. Another 500 tourists are due to leave over the weekend.

Vatican fires woman who married cleric

VATICAN CITY, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - The Vatican has dismissed a 38-vear-old Italian woman employee for marrying a Yugoslav cleric before he obtained permission to leave the priesthood, Vatican sources reported today.

"I am not in agreement with the Vatican," the woman, Annamaria Abenante, told the Associated Press. She said she has done 'nothing wrong."

She said in a telephone interview that she and the priest, whom she refused to identify, were married in a civil ceremony in Rome "long time ago" and have an 8-month-old daughter.

She joined the Vatican secretariat seven years ago and worked as a staff member in the archives of the congregation for Catholic education and an adviser for the Vatican committee on family, the sources said.

A Vatican source, who asked not to be identified, said the Holy See decided to move against Miss Abenante because she was openly talking about her marriage, making mockery of her position as an adviser on family mat-

25 Roman Catholic priests allegedly arrested in China

HONG KONG, Dec. 4 (A.P.) -Twenty Chinese Roman Catholic priests and lay workers have been arrested by Communist authorities in Shanghji on charges of "supplying information to foreigners and receiving orders from the Vatican," Catholic sources here said today.

The sources, who claimed to have contacts with frequent travellers to China, said the arrests took place Nov. 19-21. The report could not be verified from Hong Kong, a British colony that borders mainland China.

The Chinese Catholic Church broke with the Vatican after the 1949 Communist Revolution. It has refused recent overtures by Pope John Paul II for a reconciliation because the Vatican recognises the Nationalist Chinese government on Taiwan.

Afghan exile says Kabul regime posts

One source, who requested anonymity, said those arrested included 11 Jesuits who had been in labour camps for more than 20 years for refusing to break ties with the Vatican. The priests were released in 1979 as part of the national liberalisation that followed the Cultural Revolution. They had resumed saying mass and giving sacraments in private upon gaining freedom, he said.

The Jesuits were singled out because they had been known to be in contact with foreigners including journalists and diplomats based in China and visitors from abroad, he added.

Most prominent among them was the Rev. Zhu Hongshen, 65, a Jesuit priest considered by the Communist government as the unofficial leader of the Catholic community in Shanghai, the

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Argentina to win N-bomb race

LONDON, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — By the end of next year Argenting will win its race with Brazil to produce the first atomic bomb in Latin America, a British science weekly says. Quoting uniden. tified intelligence experts in the United States New Scientist magazine said in its Thursday-dated issue that Argentina is believed to be already testing a rocket that could deliver nuclear weapons. It said Argentina's foreign ministry had admitted the country has the capacity to build a nuclear device but denies that is

Indian magazine says Soviets smuggle

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4 - A major Indian news magazine says in its latest edition that Soviet diplomats, apparently with the know ledge and assistance of their embassy here, have been smuggling large amounts of contraband goods into India in recent months.

India Today magazine said that through October of this year. Indian customs officials had seized goods worth nearly 2.5 mil. lion rupees (about \$278,000) from diplomatic luggage, and that "a fair share of the haul was from baggage addressed to the Soviet Embassy." Asked about the article, Nikolai Fedin, head of the Soviet Embassy's information department, would say only that "We don't take notice of rubbish."

Natalie Wood buried in Hollywood

HOLLYWOOD, Dec. 4 (A.P.) - A Russian orthodox priest offered a blessing and a balalaika sounded a melancholy refram at Natalie Wood's flower-covered coffin was buried at a Hollywood cemetery. The drowned actress' husband, actor Robert Wagner, bent to kiss the coffin and then left the cemetery in a limousing before the burial. "She found not only a way to put life into her art, but art into her life," actor Roddy McDowall told about 100 mourners -- including bonorary pallbearers Sir Laurence Olivier, Fred Astaire, Gene Kelly, Gregory Peck and Frank Smatra.

Fireworks explosion kills 20 in India

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — The death toll rose to 20 today from the explosion at a fireworks plant in central India with nine more persons succumbing to burn injuries, the United News of India said. Thirteen persons remained hospitalised with injuries from the explosion at the one-story plant yesterday in Gwalior.

275 kilometres south of New Delhi.

Architect of U.N. headquarters dies

NEW YORK, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — Architect Wallace Harrison, who helped design Rockefeller Centre, the United Nations, Lincoln Centre and the Empire State Plaza in Albany, died here Wednesday at the age of 86. Harrison's career ranged from the design of churches to housing projects, but he was best known for his design of civic complexes. With his partner Max Abramovitz, Harrison also designed several well-known Manhattan buildings, including the Mobil building on East 42nd Street, the Coming glass building on Fifth Avenue and the Time-Life, McGraw-hill, Exxon and Celanese buildings on the Avenue of the Americas.

£300,000 stolen in London hold-up

LONDON, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — Three robbers in a car and a truck ambushed a security van yesterday fired one shot and made off with an estimated £300,000, Scotland Yard said. No one was injured. A Scotland Yard spokesman said a van operated by the Group 4 security company was stopped by a truck that pulled in front of it and a car that came from behind a residential area in the southern London suburb of Mitcham. He said a shot was fired, possibly as a warning, and the security guards handed over cash from the van. Two of the robbers escaped in a car and a third fled on a motorcycle. It was not known how the motorcycle came to be at the robbery scene.

Ecevit case may stop aid to Turkey

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4 (R) — The jailing of former Turkish Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit could force Denmark and other West European countries to withdraw aid to Turkey, Danish Foreign Minister Kjeld Olesen said in a statement last night. Mr. Ecevit began a four-month prison sentence yesterday for violating a decree by the military government of Gen. Kenan Evren.

The Sakharovs taken to hospital

MOSCOW, Dec. 4 (R) — Soviet human rights campaigner Andrei Sakharov and his wife, who have been on hunger strike for the past 13 days, have been taken to hospital, the Soviet 807ernment newspaper Izvestia reported today. Izvestia, quoting a report by doctors, said the couple had been given prophylacit medical help" suggesting complication in their state of health. The report appeared to suggest that Prof. Shakarov, 60, and his with

45 die in New Delhi tower stampede

enter the monument.

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4 (A.P.) -Forty-five people were killed and 24 others injured -- many of them children - when a power failure panicked at the Qutab Minar tower here today, the United News of India said.

The tower, an architectural wonder, is 72 metres tall, with 378 steps to the inside spiral stair case that climbs to the top. The nearly 800-year old tower, located on the southern fringe of the Indian capital, is a popular tourist attraction. UNI said that the crowd inside the tower panicked when the electricity went off, plunging it into

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi visited the injured, including aine children at a local hospital. Both houses of parliament adjourned. The tragedy occurred just

before noon (0630 GMT) when an estimated 300 to 400 people were negotiating their way up the 90-odd steps to the first story of the monument, UNI said. It was not immediately known if there were any foreigners involved.

Home Minister Zail Singh announced in parliament that the Amnesty suggested in Britain to relieve crowding in prisons

LONDON, Dec. 4 (A.P.) — Britain's prison governors, complaining that the country's antiquated jails are becoming "festering slums," have appealed to the government to combat overcrowding by granting an annesty to selected prisoners.

Almost simultaneously in the House of Commons, Home Secretary William Whitelaw announced a series of prison improvements.

He said new jails will be constructed at Bovingdon, in Hertfordshire, and Lockwood, Oxfordshire. 150 more probation officers will be hired in 1982-83. more money will be allocated for prison renovations, and judges will be empowered to partly suspend legally prescribed sentences to alleviate overcrowding.

Earlier in the day, guards at

Manchester's Strangeways prison refused to accept most new inmates until their own demands

for improvements were met. The guards said inmates bound over for trial or convicted by local magistrates courts will have to remain in police station cells, although convicts sent from major crown courts will be admitted.

The government's target figure for Strangeways is 1,021 inmates, but it currently holds more than 1,600. Nationwide there are 115 prisons, built for 37,000 inmates, now housing nearly 44,000 men

and women. Last week, Strangeways Governor Norman Brown in a letter to the London Daily Telegraph condemned conditions at his jail as "an affront to a civilised society."

He said 555 inmates were livingthree to a cell, and 530 two to a

No weapons for Taiwan, **Peking tells Washington**

By Victoria Graham

PEKING, Dec. 4 — After three years of rapid progress, Sino-U.S. relations have reached a delicate some say a crucial -- moment and their ultimate success appears to depend whether and what kind of advanced fighters the United States sells to Taiwan.

China last week called arms sales "a key issue now endangering" development of Sino-U.S. relations it frequently calls the issue the "major stumbling block."

It has become more intransigent, virtually painting itself into a corner that will require a powerful response. An official commentary declared Nov. 24 that China opposes arms sales of any kind to Taiwan and said sales" can only gravely endanger" Sino-U.S. relations "and lead to their stand-

still and retrogression". Political observers say China's position has become more rigid since Sep. 30 when it announced a comprehensive peace plan, calling for reunification talks and offering Taiwanese leaders unspecified posts in the central government while the island remained virtually autonomous.

China has gone about as far as it can go with magnanimous gestures, political observers say, and officials hope the United States will be persuaded that Taiwan.

does not need weapons. U.S. secretary of state Alexander M. Haig Jr. said last month the issue of arms sales to Taiwan was a "worrisome spectre" bovering over Sino-U.S. relations. Resolution of the problem is

regarded as a major test of

strength and prestige for China's foremost politician, Deng Xiaoping. Despite suspicion and some opposition at home, Deng opened the door for diplomatic relations with the United States in Jan.

Despite progress in strategic cooperation, economic and cultural fields, the carefully crafted relationship appears to be mark-ing time until the United States announces its decision on arms to Taiwan.

Deputy Chief of Staff Liu Huaqing recently told visitors that his arms shopping trip to the United States, scheduled next August, has been put off indefinitely. He said the reason was Taiwan.

Chinese officials recently have been telling visitors that China will never "swallow the bitter pill" of arms sales.

China repeatedly has said that Sino-U.S. strategic cooperation must have a solid foundation. A major rift over Taiwan probably would damage Sino-U.S. strategic cooperation in South East Asia and on issues of Pakistan and

Some Western diplomats argue the Sino-U.S. strategic relationship in opposing the Soviet Union is far more important to China than arms fales to Taiwan, and that Chica would hardly dare

turn its back on the United States. The Reagan administration has said it will fulfill its commitment to sell arms to Taiwan, but will weigh Taiwan's needs as well as the U.S. relationship with China.

In May, China downgraded relations with the Netherlands because the government approved sale of two submarines to Taiwan. China warned the United States at that time to take heed.

Reagan orders top security

for 3 aides

NEW YORK, Dec. 4 (R) — The New York Times said today the U.S. government had received reports that five Libyan-trained terrorists had entered the United States with plans to kill President Reagan or other senior administration officials.

The plans include a plot to shoot down the presidential jet with a missile or to blow up Mr. Reagan's limousine with a rocket, the Times

The Times quoted top law enforcement officials as saying the reports had prompted a big nationwide search not only for the potential killers but also for Americans to whom they might turn for assistance. Officials had no immediate offi-

cial comment on the newspaper's

report, but President Reagan said on Wednesday he was not shrugging off press reports that he could be the target of a Libyan assassination squad. The president, who survived an at our March

30, refused to say for security reasons if the government had any evidence to substantiate the Administration officials said

yesterday the president had authorised secret service protection for his three chief aides -Presidential Counsellor Edwin Meese, White House chief of staff James Baker and his deputy. Michael Deaver - following reports that top U.S. officials could be the targets of Libyan death squads.

Today's New York Times report said federal agents had been deployed around the country to question Americans who had past links with Libya.

It said concern about a Libyan threat had increased in recent weeks as initially unconfirmed reports were borne out by details supplied by an informant whose account stood up to intense questioning and whose credibility was considered good by intelligence

intelligence men disguised as diplomats ISLAMABAD, Dec. 4 (A.P.) —

A senior Afghan foreign ministry official who recently defected has disclosed that 10 of 15 diplomats appointed to Iran, Pakistan and India in the past four months are agents of the Soviet-backed regime's Khad intelligence ser-

Aside from espionage, their assignments apparently include keeping a watch on Afghan exile groups opposed to the regime of Afghan President Babrak Karmal, said Mohammad Daoud Mohabbat, director of the first political affairs section at the time of his October defection to Pakistan.

Although his section handled Kabul's Asian relations, it was not informed of the appointments, he went on. "They are tools of Khad, not diplomats. I had never seen them before. Most cannot speak English or any other foreign language."

"We thought that these countries would not give them visas but unfortunately they did," Mr. Mohabbat said in an interview. Four came to Pakistan this fall, including the new first and second secretaries at the embassy in Islamabad, he charged.

Khad, an acronym for Khedamat Amour Dawalat or State Affairs Services, was organised shortly after the Dec. 27. 1979 Soviet intervention installed Karmal as president. The agency, which is thought to have more than 10,000 operatives, is led by a physician named Najib Ullah under the close supervision of Soviet advisers. It is responsible for both foreign and domestic security matters.

Mr. Mohabbat, 35, said that the dispatch of Khad agents was one of a number of changes the Afghan foreign ministry has undergone since the start of the Soviet military presence 23 months ago.

A team of Soviet advisors headed by Vasily Sovrunchuk, technically the number two man at the Soviet Embassy although he has held the rank of ambassador, prepares all major Afghan policy statements including the Aug. 24 proposal for normalisation talks with Iran and Pakistan and a similar proposal in May 1980.

"My department should have written both of the statements." Mr. Mohabbat said. "But the first clipped them from the newspaper the next morning so I could read the full text.

"The foreign ministry of Afghanistan no longer exists," said the former diplomat, who said he was smuggled across to Pakistan with his wife and three children by resistance fighters. "Only a building remains and just for show."

Mr. Mohabbat said Soviet advisers systematically sift through Afghanistan's secret state papers. "This is very painful to us. All of our archives are open to them. I watched them take seven large cuprboards of documents."

The takeover of the ministry's affairs by the Soviets has the approval or acquiescence of Afghan party members who now compose 90 per cent of the staff, he said. Since 1979, about half the career diplomats have defected while others have been involuntarily retired or transferred to

Yelena Bonner, 58, would be force-fed.

By James Foley

SAPPORO, Japan — The Soviet Union is forming a strategic bastion in the Far East to rival its heavily militarised region of the White Sea and the Kola Peninsula in Europe, Japanese and other official sources say.

The planned eastern stronghold is based on the Sea of Okhotsk and the Kamchatka Peninsula region north of Japan.

The sources said the development was part of a significant change in the Soviet Union's strategic policy. They said that when it was completed, the Soviet Union would be as strong in the Pacific and Asia as it already is in the Atlantic and Europe.

The main feature of the programme is to convert the Okhotsk Sea.

whose waters react the northern Japanese shores near Sapporo, into a heavily-defended "Soviet lake" for deployment of new submarines armed with long-range ballistic missiles, the sources said. "The Soviet Union is marching Eastward," says Prof. Makoto Momoi, Japan's leading strategist and director of international security studies at the defence ministry's national defence college.

"The Kamchatka-Sea of Okhotsk area is becoming like the White Sea-Kola Peninsula region, a bastion of military and primarily strategic strength," he said in an interview. He said the programme, which will result in strategic fortresses

anchoring both ends of the Soviet landmass, would be completed in five or six years. The Sea of Okhotsk is four times as big and eight times as deep as the Baltic, where a Soviet Whisky-Class submarine recently ran aground near the top-secret Swedish Navy base of Kariskrona.

Building a 'Soviet lake' by the Kamchatka Peninsula

The Sea of Okhotsk is almost surrounded by Soviet territory. It would be easy to defend if war broke out against enemy aircraft and ships trying to attack Soviet submarines before they fired their nuc-"The Soviet Union can use the Sea of Okhotsk to launch missiles

which can hit anywhere in the United States with relative invulnerability. That is, they would be relatively safe from attack," Prof. Momoi said. An authoritative Warsaw Pact military source confirmed the Sov-

iet Union was placing new importance on the Sea of Okhotsk. "The sea is a strategic sanctuary," the source said. "No aircraft could approach the Sea of Okhotsk without being detected," said the source, who asked not to be named. "The area is covered with a very strong air defence system com-

posed of all available components - radars, guns, missiles and interceptor aircraft." The Soviet Kuril Island chain, stretching between southern Kamchatka and northern Japan, was a military barrier preventing free

access to the Okhotsk Sea. He said surface ships and submarines entering the sea in war would be open to attack from dozens of Soviet submarines and surface ships, hundreds of planes and thousands of missiles.

A major reason for turning the Okhotsk Sea into a strategic bastion was that the U.S. was unable to insert submarine-detecting devices on the seabed because of the surrounding Soviet territory, the source said. ..

He said that because of the ice which covered major areas of the sea up to five months of the year, it would be "very difficult to conduct anti-submarine operations if the submarine is under several

Western military sources in Japan agreed that it would be ext remely difficult to prevent submarines from firing their missle either after a first salvo from Russian ground-based missiles, or after the ground-based missiles had been attacked by American strategic They said defence of the Soviet submarines appeared to be a prise

reason for the Soviet Navy's decision to move the aircraft can't Minsk, which the Russians describe as an anti-submarine ship, to the The sources said that the Soviet Navy had some 40 ballistic missile.

submarines in the Far East. The submarines, known as Delta Three's, are each armed with 15

SS-N-18 missiles with a range of more than 8,000 kilometres f equipped with a special booster engine, they said. Each missile was capable of carrying several nuclear warheads and each warhead could be independently targeted so that hundreds of

separate targets could be attacked from the Sea of Okhotsk. The sources said the Russians were now building Delta Three's B their Far East shipyard at Komsomolsk on the Amur River, from where they entered the Sea of Okhotsk at Nikolaevsk on the Straits

of Tartary. "The Soviet Navy is adding one or two new SSBN's (bassister missile submarines) to the Pacific fleet every year," said one source: The sources said the Soviet Navy had developed a "swing" strategy under which submarines from its Murmanks-based northern flet could move to the Far East fleet by way of the Arctic Ocean and

Bering Straits at any time of the year. Prof. Momoi said that surface ships could also make the voyage for several months of the year because the Soviet Union maintained about 30 icebreakers, including three driven by nuclear power, 10 free the route from ice.

